Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1869. NUMBER 15

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Progress of the French Cable—The Ministerial Crisis in France—Concessions Announced by Emperor Napoleon—Orangemen Riots and Fenian Outrages in Ireland—Austria and the Ecumenical Council.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE FRENCH CABLE.

BREST, July 12.—Dispatches through the new cable from the Great Eastern up to this morning state the steamer was off New Foundland and only thirty miles distant from the spot where the splice is to be made. Signals good. All well.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 11.—A meeting of the Ministers in Privy Council was held to-day in order to discuss the Emperor's message to the National Assembly, which organizes on Monday, when the Left Centre will present its resolution. M. Rouher will read the Emperor's message, which concedes the demand of the Left Centre in regard to the autonomy of the Assembly. As yet no change has been effected in the Ministry.

PARIS, July 12.—In the Corps Legislatif, to day, a message from the Emperor Napoleon was presented and read by Minister Rouher. The message states the Emperor has resolved to convoke the Senate to consider the following questions, viz:

The right of the Corps Legislatif to elect its own officers; the simplification of the methods of presenting and examining amendments of laws; of submission to the Corps of commerce treaties for approval; the control of the budget: the abolition of any incompatibility which exists between holding at the same time a seat in the Corps and an office in the Ministry, and the extension of the right of interpellation. Similar questions with respect to the Senate are hereafter to be considered.

The Emperor believes that these measures will meet all demands. In conclusion he asks the deputies to consider how often he has abandoned certain of his own prerogatives in public interests. For those already granted, which form an integral part of the institutions of the Empire, they ought to leave intact those rights which have been explicitly confided to him by the people, and which are essential conditions of power as safeguards of order and security.

The message announces no change in the Ministry. The forms which it proposes are generally considered to amount to a concession of *bona fide* ministerial responsibility as an element of the executive Government.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 11.—At a Cabinet meeting held yesterday it was resolved that the Government will not concur in any of the amendments to the Irish Church bill that will in any way impair the principle of total disendowment. It is rumored that Lords Clarenden, Granville and Hartington evinced a disposition to yield, but they were finally overruled by other members present.

LONDON, July 12—The *Times* in an article on the progress made by Russian power in the east, regards the absorption of petty Musselman States by Russia as beneficial to the world, but says her presence in Asia must be consistent with the maintenance of British authority in India. "With India prosperous and contented," continues the *Times*, "we are safe. When the security of our power in India is felt, and all fear of Russia is dissipated, both countries may unite to develope the vast regions committed to their care."

LONDON, July 12.—Bright and Foster have withdrawn the resignations which they recently tendered to the Reform Club.

The Oxford Boat Crew have gone into active training.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 12.—The official Red Book, which has just made its appearance, says the Government has no reason for keeping from the public its dealings with Russia and other German States; that diplomacy is interested in maintaining the existing status, and it does not menace the general peace, but respects other powers and remains perfectly neutral in their affairs.

VIENNA, July 12.—Baron Von Buest has replied to the recent circular of the Bavarian Prime Minister, Prince Hohenlohe, on the Ecumenical Council. He refuses to take part in the proposed conference of Catholic powers against the anticipated decisions of the Council, and says he considers it time to take steps when the Council declares against the rights of the State.

IRELAND.

BELFAST, July 12.—A riot occurred here yesterday between the Orangemen and Catholics. For a time mob law was supreme and much excitement prevailed. At length the rioters were dispersed. Only one arrest was made.

GALWAY, July 12.—Fenian outrages are of almost daily occurrence. Last night Capt. Lambert was shot near his own house in this vicinity, and fatally wounded. The assassin was arrested.

DUBLIN, July 12.—The Orange Societies made strong public demonstrations in Belfast and other points to-day, but no disturbances in consequence are reported.

MARINE NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—The steamship Austria, from Quebec, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

LONDON, July 12.—*Evening*—Consols, for money, 93¼; on account, 93¼@93⅜; 5-20 bonds at London, 81⅜; at Frankfort, 86⅞@87; Erie, 18¼; Illinois, 95½.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—Cotton market active; middling uplands, 12⅜d; New Orleans, 12⅜d; sales 12,000 bales California white Wheat at 10s 7d, and red western No. 2 at 9s 5d. Western Flour, 24s 6d. Corn, No. 2 mixed, 28s 6d for old, and 26s 9d for new. Oats, 3s 6d. Peas, 38s. Provisions quiet. Pork, 99s. Beef, 90s. Lard, 71s. Cheese, 64s. Bacon, 62s. Spirits Petroleum, 7d, and refined, 1s 6½d. Tallow, 45s. Turpentine, 27s.

LONDON, July 12.—Linseed Cakes £10 5s. Tallow, 45s. Linseed Oil, £32 5s. Calcutta Linseed, 61s 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp 49¼f, and quiet.

ST. LOUIS.

Obituary—Banquet to Minister Blow—Confession of a Murderer.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—R. M. Field, who has for many years stood at the head of the St. Louis bar, died at six o'clock this evening, after a lingering illness, aged sixty-two years. Mr. Field was born in Newfane, Windham county, Vermont, and came to St. Louis in 1839.

The preparations for the banquet to Mr. Blow, our Minister to Brazil, tomorrow night, are completed. It is expected to be quite a grand affair and will be numerously attended. A large number of gentlemen both in and out of the State have been invited. The Brazilian Minister arrived here from Washington and will be present.

The confession of John W. Moore, the murderer of Mrs McAdams, near Greenville, Illinois, says he enticed the lady into the house from the porch, where she was washing, and attempted to violate her, but she struggled so hard he released her. He then endeavored to persuade and bribe her not to reveal his act, but she refused, and he went home with the intention of leaving the country. He could not abandon his wife and child, however, and returned to Mrs. McAdams' house, for the purpose of again pleading with her not to disclose his conduct. When he approached she ran away. He followed and caught her and on her still refusing to screen him he struck, then stabbed and finally cut her throat. He has issued an appeal to all ministers to visit and pray for him, urges all christians to come and talk with him, and prays that no violence will be done him, but that he may be allowed time to prepare for death. Mrs. McAdams' funeral took place Wednesday, and was attended by the people of the entire surrounding country. There has been intense excitement, but since the confession it has abated, and there seems now to be a determination to allow the law to take its course. Moore was born in New York in 1845. His father died when he was quite young, and his mother came to St. Louis to live, where she resided several years. Subsequently they went to Bond county, Illinois, to live. Moore has borne an excellent reputation up to the present time.

CUBAN REVOLUTION.

Arrival of a Filibuster Expedition—The Cholera a Serious Obstacle—Return to New York.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 12.—The brig A. Eldred, which left here on the 22d of June, with arms, ammunition and one hundred and twenty-five men for Cuba, landed the arms up a river in Cuba, near Hernandez. The cholera had just then broken out in the camp of the patriots, and in consequence one hundred and twenty of the expedition party refused to enlist in the Cuban ranks, even after they had been offered a bounty of one thousand dollars per head in gold, preferring to wait till the close of the sickly season.

On the second day after their arrival, however, the Spaniards made a descent upon Hernandez, and posted themselves on the adjacent heights, but the Americans, under Lieutenant Claney, drove them from their position without the loss of a man. After this victory they re-embarked unmolested and returned safely to New York on Saturday with the exception of two men named Walsh and Miller, of Petersburg, Virginia, who died of cholera on the way.

HAVANA, July 12.—Dispatches from Puerto Principe, to the 9th inst., have been received. Railroad commmunication to the coast was free of interruption. The garrison had been reinforced by a battalion of marines from Spain.

Advices from Nuevitas are to the 10th. Gen. Puelto was in command of the town. The rebels attempted to surprise San Miguel, near Nuevitas, but failed.

The vomito is raging in Remedios with unusually fatal effect.

Colonel Tullo reports that he had an engagement with the rebels in the Sagua district, in which the latter suffered a heavy loss. The Spanish casualties were trifling.

Skirmishes have taken place at Quernado, Coaba and La Esperanza, which, in each case, resulted in the dispersion of the rebel bands.

In addition to the seizures already reported, thirty-three estates, the property of alleged rebels, have been embargoed.

Fatal Shooting Affray at Louisville.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 12.—A fatal shooting affray took place about 10:30 to-night on Fifth street, near the corner of Market street, resulting in the killing of James Wheeler by Wash Ferguson. Both men had been on bad terms for some time and during the evening had several quarrels, which culminated in the frightful tragedy. Wheeler received two shots, one a glancing shot on the head and the other entered the left side, penetrating the breast and causing almost instant death. Ferguson has been arrested and committed to jail. The character of both was very bad.

Fire at Scranton—Fire Damp Explosion.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCRANTON, Pa., June 12.—The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company's foundry was destroyed by fire this evening. Loss $30,000; insured in New York companies.

An explosion, caused by fire damp, occurred in Empire Colliery, near Wilkesbarre, to-day. Eight men were injured, but it is thought none fatally.

Trot on Fashion Course.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 12.—The trot this afternoon on Fashion Course, Long Island, between American Girl and Lady Thorn, best three in five to harness, for a purse of $2,500, was won by American Girl, taking the 1st, 2d and 4th heats; time 2:28¼, 2:24¾, 2:27¾ and 2:24½. The track was heavy with dust, and neither horse was in first-rate condition.

Chinese Labor Convention at Memphis.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 12.—The hotels are rapidly filling up with delegates to the Chinese Labor Convention to-morrow. Koopmanshop, the importer, telegraphs that he will be here to-morrow. Planters from various parts of the southwest are here in strong force.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Revenue Violators Convicted—Respects of New Jerseyans to Secretary Robeson—Judge Dent's Acceptance of the Candidacy for Governor of Mississippi—Habeas Corpus Asked in the Supreme Court—Printers and the Apprentice Question — Appointments — Mexican Claims.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 12, 1869.

REVENUE VIOLATORS CONVICTED.

The Internal Revenue Department has received information of the conviction at Williamsport, Pa., of Martin Billmire and Zultman, on a charge of violating the revenue laws in relation to distilling. They are two of the most wealthy men in that part of the State and the largest distillers. Both were sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and are now in confinement. The Supervisor of the Western District says these convicts hoped to escape owing to their riches and influence, and their conviction will have a good effect on smaller distillers who violate the law.

PAID THEIR RESPECTS.

This afternoon about fifty citizens of New Jersey called at the Navy Department to pay their respects to Secretary Robeson. Mutually congratulatory and complimentary speeches were made by the Secretary and a number of the delegation. In the course of his remarks Mr. Robeson said: "Of the administration of President Grant perhaps it does not become me to speak, but I will only say of it, as the policy by which the rebellion was finally subdued was the policy of action rather than of profession, so the policy of the present administration under his leadership may be judged by its fruits. With no startling announcement, no profession of splendid policy, the administration of General Grant endeavors quietly, persistently and honestly to perform each day the duties which it each day finds before it, and trusts itself, without reserve, to the intelligence of the people. And acting in harmony with other branches of the Government, the Executive Department hopes to be able in the fullness of time to present the country restored in all its parts, credit re-established, industry reinvigorated through all channels of national prosperity, with its honor untarnished at home and abroad."

JUDGE DENT'S ACCEPTANCE.

The following is Judge Dent's letter to Messrs. J. T. Werford and A. Jenks, of Mississippi:

Washington, D. C., July 9th, 1869.—Gentlemen: Your communication of this day, requesting permission to place my name before the National Union Republican Convention, is at hand. In reply, I beg to assure you that if I can in the least be instrumental in restoring the State of my adoption to her normal place in the Union, and secure her a good local administration, you have permission to use my name for any position within the gift of the National Union Republican party of your State. The platform adopted by your Convention, at Jackson, on the 25d of June last, I most heartily approve and endorse.

With great respect, I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

[Signed.] LOUIS DENT.

HABEAS CORPUS ASKED FOR.

Messrs. James M. Carlisle and Philip Phillips to-day presented to Chief Justice Chase the petition of Colonel E. M. Gerger, now on trial before a military commission in Mississippi for the murder of Colonel Crane, praying for a writ of *habeas corpus* to take him from the custody of the military commission. The petition is in the usual form. The Chief Justice received the application and fixed Wednesday morning, at 11 o'clock, as the time for a hearing in the Supreme Court room at the Capitol. Attorney General Hoar will represent the interests of the Government at the hearing. The real point to be determined is whether so much of the reconstruction acts as permits military commissions to try persons accused of crime is unconstitutional. This will be the only point of the reconstruction acts the constitutionality of which will be questioned.

PRINTERS AND THE APPRENTICE QUESTION.

A special meeting of the Typographical Union, No. 101, was held to-night to consider the question relative to the employment of apprentices. As soon as the meeting was called to order a motion was made to suspend the rules, so as to take up the subject. This required a two-thirds vote, which was not obtained. A resolution was then introduced and adopted to appoint a Committee of five to prepare a report upon the apprentice question, with a view to compromise. The report is to be considered at the next regular meeting. This, however, still leaves the Douglas question in dispute.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments are announced: Geo. T. Jarvis, Collector of Customs at Cherrystone, Va.; James R. Weaver, of West Virginia, United States Consul at Brindisi, and C. N. Goulding, of Ohio, Consul at Hong Kong.

The following commissions of Postmasters have been signed: D. V. Derrickson, at Meadville, Pa.; Jas. Hunter, at St. Joseph, Mo.

MEXICAN CLAIMS.

The State Department has issued a circular advising citizens having claims against the Mexican Republic to forward them promptly to that Department for the consideration of the Commission appointed to examine and decide upon them. The claims will be argued before the Commission by J. H. Ashton, at the expense of the Government.

TEXAS AFFAIRS.

Governor Pease, of Texas, had a long interview with the President this morning in reference to affairs in that State. The Governor urged that an early day should be fixed for the election in that State, because if put off until November it would be detrimental to the agricultural interests of the State.

GO TO LONG BRANCH.

The President and family will leave Washington on Wednesday next for Long Branch. The President will return after ten days' absence, without his family, and will determine his future movements according to circumstances.

HAD AN INTERVIEW.

Governor elect Walker had a lengthy interview with the President to day. His presence at the White House attracted much attention.

DID NOT ATTEND.

The President did not attend the Saengerfest at Baltimore this afternoon.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Four accidental drowning cases occurred at New York yesterday.

—The steamships France and Manhattan, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

—Williams and Woods, the counterfeiters arrested on Saturday night, at New York, are from Missouri.

—Henry D. Young, from New York, is under arrest in Boston, charged with forging a three hundred dollar check.

—One hundred guns were fired in the Park at New York yesterday in honor of the quick passrge of the yacht Dauntless across the ocean.

—Lightning on Sunday struck the house of Mr. Sullivan, at East Boston, Mass., killing his son, aged twelve years, and damaging the house by fire.

—Andrew Browder, a drover of Albany, N. Y., was killed near Hinsdale, Mass., on Saturday, by falling between cattle cars.

—Louisa Walsh was arrested in Albany, N. Y., on Sunday, with portions of the silver chalice statute from St. Mary's church in her possession.

—The calcine plaster mills of Embler & Brown, at Newburg, N. Y., were destroyed by fire Sunday night. Loss, $20,000; insured for $12,000. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

—The weather at Chicago, yesterday, was quite cool; the mercury stood at 74 at noon. There has been but one really hot day in Chicago this season.

—The wheat crop of Santa Barbara county, California, is generally a failure. The grasshoppers have appeared in great numbers in several counties, but have not done much damage as yet.

—C. S. Noyes, H. J. Ramsdell and D. H. Thompson, of the Washington city press corps, arrived at Chicago yesterday morning, and will leave to-day for San Francisco via Pacific Railroad.

—A portion of the Yellow Jacket mine, at Gold Hill, Nevada, has been reclosed on account of the prevalence of smoke and gas. It is believed the fire is still burning in the Crown Point mine.

—Several bank Presidents and leading brokers were before the Grand Jury at New York yesterday, to give evidence in relation to money transactions in Wall street. Several will probably be indicted for usury.

—John Flynn, a driver for the American Express Company, at Dubuque, Iowa, was seriously wounded yesterday morning by the discharge of a revolver contained in a paper package, which he was placing in his wagon.

—A tenement house, owned by Robert Bishop, in South Boston, Mass., was damaged by fire on Sunday night to the amount of $4,000. Henry White, forty years old, while looking at the fire fell from a third story window and was killed.

—Two Germans, named Adam Orf and John Grier, residents of the town of Berry, Wis., were drowned in Black Earth creek, on Sunday. Both men were intoxicated. Orf fell from the Railroad bridge into the water and Grier jumped in to rescue him.

—Thirty days' notice is hereafter to be given in Government advertisements for the sale of property, and those inviting proposals for contracts, and no such advertisement will be inserted more than six times, and these consecutively, without special orders from the Aujutant General.

—A portion of the arch of the tunnel on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Cambridge, gave way Monday morning, letting down a great mass of dirt and rock. Very little detention to travel will be caused by this, as everything can be easily hauled around the hill.

—Chambers was elected City Commissioner of Cincinnati, yesterday, by a majority of about 1,400. His oppenent, Jenny, is a Republican. Chambers is a Democrat, named and endorsed by the Democratic Executive Committee, and running as an independent candidate.

—Gov. Hoffman, of New York, has refused the application to commute the sentence of death passed on Noah Bigelow, in Sullivan Co., for murdering a child. He says that the sentence was just, and he has no right to set aside the provisions of the law, even if the culprit is of weak intellect.

—The proposition to give aid to railroads to the extent of eleven hundred thousand dollars was defeated in Detroit, Michigan, yesterday, by a large majority. Ypsilanti voted $50,000 to the Detroit, Hillsdale and Indiana Railroad. Bay City voted $85,000 to the Northern Michigan Railroad.

—Brevet Major General W. H. Emory, Colonel Fifth Cavalry, has been assigned to the command of a district comprising that portion of the Department of the Platte lying in the State of Nebraska south of the Platte river and that portion north of said river between the 99th and 102d meridians, to be known as the District of the Republican, with headquarters at Fort McPherson.

—The official returns of the Virginia election, so far, show that the blacks voted closer to their registered strength than the whites did. The less intelligent blacks are not generally disposed to accept the situation. On Sunday, at Richmond, a Walker negro was set upon by a colored mob on one of the public promenades, and had to be rescued by whites.

—The through train from New York to Washington, which left New York Sunday night at 9:30, came in collision with a hand car loaded with telegraph cross arms, two miles south of the Susquehanna river, Monday morning, throwing the engine, baggage car and mail car down an embankment five feet high. No one was hurt. The train was delayed about six hours.

—The procession of the Sængerbund at Baltimore yesterday numbered over ten thousand, and it is estimated over two hundred thousand people witnessed its march. After the procession a grand reunion took place at Concordia Hall. The prize singing, by eighteen competing societies, took place in the evening at Maryland Institute, an audience of about three thousand being present.

STATE NEWS.

JUDGE CROZER, of Conneautville, has just launched another canal boat for Erie forwarders.

A CASE of smallpox has occurred at Candor, Robinson township, Washington county, Pa.

TIDIOUTE claims a chicken with three eyes, three bills and three tongues. It should be called the chick of trays.

THE name of ex-Senator Edgar Cowan is proposed by the Sunbury *Democrat*, for the Democratic nomination for Supreme Judge of Pennsylvania.

BEN. HOGAN, of Titusville, a pugilist of some fame in the oil regions, has challenged Tom Allen, of St. Louis, for a contest in the prize ring for $1,000 a side.

HARLEY HAMMOND, Esq., of Conneautville, is about to put upon Conneaut Lake a pleasure yacht of the best model. The boats at present used there are of rather primitive construction.

IT IS stated that Judge Brown, of Warren, Pa., lost $7,000 by the Ocean Bank robbery in New York. If he had invested the money in business or manufacturies in Warren he would have been better off.

JOSEPH BRANNON who some three months ago escaped from Washington, Pa., jail and was recaptured, again made his escape last Thursday evening. He was sentenced to imprisonment for one year, on being convicted of adultery.

HON. L. W. HALL, says a Harrisburg correspondent of the Blair county *Radical*, was a candidate for Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, as was also H. Bucher Swope, of Clearfield, but the choice fell upon Hon. John Covode, although Mr. Hall, it is said, was desired by Gov. Geary.

A FEW DAYS ago L. W. Arnett, of Warren, son of the late Judge Lewis Arnett, went trouting with Judge Vincent, of Erie, and Capt. S. H. Davis, of Warren. He was taken sick in the woods, was hurried home, and last Wednesday morning he died suddenly of inflammation of the bowels. He was one of the active business men of Warren.

THE Titusville *Herald* says the excavation of the Indian mounds in Cornplanter township has resulted in some startling developments. The mumified body of an Indian princess, supposed to be a daughter of "Lo, the poor Indian," has been brought to Titusville on exhibition. The remains are in an excellent state of petrification, and worthy of scientific inspection.

OPINIONS were delivered on Tuesday in the Supreme Court upon several cases of the Commonwealth against railroad companies. In all the suits the defendants urged the unconstitutionality of the tonnage tax, and their claim was sustained by the courts below. Those judgments have been reversed by the Supreme Court, and the law declared constitutional.

IT IS said that the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company has purchased the coal property of the Lehigh and Luzerne Coal Company, at Nanticoke, Luzerne county. Prominent among the members of the Lehigh and Luzerne Company were Messrs. John Leisenring, of Mauch Chunk, and Charles Parrish, of Wilkesbarre. The latter company is reported to have cleared about two hundred and fifty thousand dollars by the sale.

NOTICE is made of the death of Rev. Washington Baird, in the 62nd year of his age, at Clayton, Georgia, July 25th, 1868. Mr. Baird was born in Fayette county, Pa., and in early life removed with his parents to the vicinity of Maysville, Kentucky, where his childhood and youth were spent. In 1831 he completed his collegiate course at Jefferson College, Pa., and subsequently spent several years in teaching.

A LITTLE son of M. C. Bell, of Waynesburg, has mysteriously disappeared. He was about fourteen years of age and is a bright intelligent youth. A pair of shoes were found on the creek bank a short distance below Slater's bridge, and in one of them a note saying that the boy had committed suicide. Search was at once made for the body but it could not be found. It is considered doubtful if he did drown himself. Some think he ran away and took this means of delaying pursuit.

THE R. W. Grand Master of Pennsylvania Richard Vaux, Esq., states in his report for 1869 that, "during the past year, the Masonic duty of relieving the distressed has been, as usual, well performed. The Trust Fund devised by Brother Stephen Girard has, out of its income, dispensed $3,100.50 for the aid of 128 brethren. The Grand Lodge Charity Fund has contributed $2,565 for the relief of 145 applicants. This is independent of the sums disbursed by each subordinate lodge to those who apply directly to these sources of relief.

GEORGE EARHART, an old and highly respectable citizen of the vicinity of Adamsburg, Westmoreland county, met a terrible death on Wednesday of last week. He was engaged in placing a large saw log in the usual position upon a wagon, and the ground being very sidling, the heavy mass got beyond the control of those engaged in placing it in position, and rolled it over Mr. Earhart, breaking both legs, smashing his chest, jaws and head, and killing him instantly. He was almost sixty-five years of age, and leaves a large family.

THE Presbytery of Erie (O. S.) met at Conneautville on Tuesday last, for the purpose, in addition to other business, of voting on the Reunion question. After the reading of the official statement of the action of the two General Assemblies at New York, a vote was taken by ayes and noes on the simple question of union, and resulted *unanimously* in the affirmative. Even a very few members, who had previously been reluctant or directly opposed, gave in a cordial adhesion to the brief and definite basis presented by the Assemblies. A large number of the Presbyteries on both sides have already voted on this great question, and in every instance the decision has been (and generally unanimously) in the affirmative.

A Few Maxims for Young Ladies.

Never make your appearance in the morning without first having bathed, if only with a sponge and a quart of water, brushed and arranged your hair, and dressed yourself neatly and completely.

Keep your clothing, especially your underclothing, in perfect order. Never let pins do duty as buttons, or strings take the place of proper bands.

Examine every garment when it comes from the wash, and, if necessary, mend it with neatness and precision. Do not sew up the holes in your stockings, as we have seen some careless, untidy girls do; but take in a broad margin around the hole, be it small or large, with a fine darning needle and darning cotton, and cover the fracture with an interlaced stitch, so close as to be as strong as the body of the stocking, and fine enough to be ornamental.

Stockings mended in this way need darning but a very few times in the course of their existence.

Never carry coarse embroidered or laced handkerchiefs. Fine plain ones are much more lady-like.

Avoid open worked stockings and very fancy slippers.. Fine, plain, white hose, and black kid slippers, with only a strap or rosette in front, are more becoming.

Train yourself to some useful occupation. Remember it is wicked to waste time, and nothing gives such an impression of vanity and absolute silliness as a habit of idling and never having anything to do.

If you are in your father's house take some department of household labor upon yourself, and a part of the sewing, and make it your business to attend to it. Do not let a call from this idle girl, or a visit from that, or an invitation from the other, interfere with the performance of your duty.

Let your pleasures come in as recreation, not as the business of your life.

If you want to marry, do not court or try to attract the attention of gentlemen. A little wholesome indifference, real or or assumed, will be much more likely to accomplish the object. Consider, moreover, that it is better to be a woman than a wife, and do not degrade your sex by making your whole existence turn on the pivot of matrimony.

If you can, cultivate to perfection some art by which you can gain an independent livelihood. Do it whether there is a necessity or not. Do it quietly, if you will, but do it. There is no telling when, or under what circumstances you may need it.

THE city expenses of Erie for the year ending May 1st, 1869, were $179,472.28. The debt of the city, over assets on hand, is $535,859.12, of which $350,000 is for the water works, $90,000 for street improvements of the past two years, and $123,800 for Sunbury & Erie railroad bonds.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, July 12.—The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 175,000 bushels of wheat, 135,000 bushels of corn, 7,200 barrels of flour. The shipments for the same time were 90,000 bushels of wheat, 6,500 bushels of corn, 3,500 bushels of oats. Freights—wheat, 13; corn, 11; oats, 7¼ to New York. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat unsettled and dull; sales of 7,500 bushels of No. 2 Chicago at $1,35; 11,700 bushels of Washington Club at $1,36; at close No. 2 Milwaukee held at $1,38, buyers offer $1,37; also, sales of 6,000 bushels of red winter at $1,42. Corn dull and firm; sales of 16,000 bushels of western at 75. Rye and Barley nominal. Pork steady at $33. Lard steady at 19. Fish; white at $7,25; trout at $5,75@6 per half barrel. Highwines at 98c wholesale $1,01 retail.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Cotton quiet; sales of 60 bales at 32½c for middling; receipts 242 bales. Gold, 137¼. Exchange; Sterling, 150¾; New York sight ½ per cent. premium. Sugar firm; sales of common at 10¾c, prime at 13½@13¾c. Molasses: sales of choice fermenting at 60@64c. Whiskey is tending upward, with sales of western rectified at $1,05@1,10. Coffee nominal. Flour; low grades are scarce; sales of superfine at $6,00, double extra at $6,00, treble extra at $6,75. Corn; white at $1,07@1,10. Oats at 78c. Bran at $1,07½@1,10. Hay; prime at $26. Pork at $34. Bacon dull and retailing at 14¾, 18½@18¾c. Lard; sales of tierce at 19½@20c, keg at 20½@21½c.

ALBANY, July 12.—The Cattle market opened tame and almost lifeless; the supply was large, and there was a decline of ¼c per pound on the best, and from ¼@½c on medium and common grades; the highest price realized was 9¼c for fine selected Kentucky steers averaging 1,472 each; the market became quite active towards the close. Veal Calves 8@9c, the latter for those weighing 200 lbs. Sheep and Lambs show a falling off in prices compared with those last week of ¼@½c, the range being 3@6½c for very poor to ordinary stock. The Hog market was rather dull, prices ranging from 8½@9¾c for medium, and 9¾@10c for very prime.

OSWEGO, July 12.—Flour unchanged with good demand; sales 2,300 bbls at $7@7,25 for No. 1 spring; $8,25@8,50 for white, and $9@9,25 for double extra. Wheat quiet and lower; No. 1 Milwaukee Club nominal at $1,48; sales 1,000 bush amber Michigan at $1,53. Corn quiet with small sales of No. 1 at 87c. Corn meal at $1,75 per cwt. Mill feed unchanged. Canal freights—wheat 8¾c, corn 7¾c, rye 8c to New York; lumber $3,50 to Hudson. Railroad freights—flour to Boston 68c, to New York 58c, to Albany 50c. Lake imports—158,400 bus wheat; 4,839,000 feet lumber. Canal exports—flour 641 bbls; wheat 21,754; corn 31,707 bush; lumber 20,494,376 feet.

CHICAGO July 12—At open boards this afternoon there was only a moderate movement in the grain market; No. 2 spring wheat ranges at $1.29¼@'30 seller month, closing with buyers at inside figures. Freights neglected. In the evening wheat closed at $1,29¼ for No. 2 and corn was offered 79¼ seller last half.

NASHVILLE, July 12.—Cotton quiet; low middlings at 30c; good ordinary at 29c. Wheat; Mediterranean at $1,15; red at $1,10; amber at $1,15; white at $1,20. Flour: super at $5@6, and double extra at $7@8.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—Flour steady at $4.62½@5.50. Wheat: new firm at at $1,60@1,67½. Legal Tenders, 75.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TWO.

Two buds plucked from the tree;
Two birdies flown from the nest;
Two little babes snatched
From a fond mother's breast;
Two little snow-white lambs
Gone from the sheltering fold;
Two little narrow graves
Down in the churchyard cold.

Two little drooping flowers
Growing in a purer air,
Blooming fragrant and bright
In the Great Gard ner's care;
Two little tender birds,
Flown far from fear and harm;
Two little snow-white lam s
In the Good Shepherd's arm.

Two little angels more,
Singing with voices sweet,
Flinging their crowns of gold,
Down at their Saviour's feet.
Free from a l earthly care,
Pure from all earthly stain—
Oh, who could wish them back
In this drear world again?

EPHEMERIS.

—Olive Logan is at Long Branch.

—George Alfred Townsend is in New York.

—Mrs. Scott-Siddons will make America her home.

—Jerusalem and Paris are thronged with Americans.

—Eugenia, of France, proposes to visit America next year.

—Sodium is now used for matches instead of phosphorus.

—A Boston balloon carried its passengers forty miles in two hours.

—A shower of snakes occurred simultaneously in several southern localities.

—The ladies are moving to introduce Chinese servant girls into the eastern cities.

—Henry Ward Beecher announces that he will not lecture during the coming season.

—Mrs. H. J. Raymond will return to Europe immediately. Mr. Raymond left no will.

—Four dollars a day with board is said to be the pay of agricultural laborers in Illinois.

—Beecher thinks that the $800 paid yearly for flowers for his pulpit is a good investment.

—Stewart named Butterfield for Assistant Treasurer at New York. The President so appointed.

—Stokes defends the grammar of his letter of acceptance, which, he says, "I think was very well wrote."

—Tennessee is rejoicing over the fact that the credit of the State in a pecuniary point of view is not altogether gone.

—Groom 75, bride 15; one rich, tother poor, courtship of eleven hours, love on sight, is the latest Savannah sensation.

—Dana says he still admires Grant. The latter will feel pleased that the great encyclopedian has not withdrawn his love.

—Tennessee has employed 20,000 Chinese plantation hands. How John and Sambo will work together remains to be seen.

—Louis Napolean is credited with having said lately that "at present France only acknowledges Bonapartists and revolutionists."

—A fisherman of Savannah sold his wife for sixty bunches of fish, worth thirty dollars. The wife was a willing party to the scaly transaction.

—Frank P. Blair is in worse odor than ever with loyal soldiers of the late armies. His demigueism as exhibited in his speech at Long Branch was sickening, but his friends say he was wine heavy.

—The honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred by Union college, at the late commencement, upon Col. J. Townsend Connoly, of Gov. Hoffman's staff and Auditor of finance of New York city.

—A number of tobacconists of Richmond struck because a blackman was taken into the factory as a cigar maker. The proprietors brought color to the faces of the strikers, by hiring colored workmen to fill their places.

—A daughter of General Albert Pike, at Memphis, killed herself accidentally by falling asleep in bed with an uncorked bottle of cholorform in her hand. The contents spilled out over her breast and she was found dead in the morning.

—Mr. Probasco's private residence at Cincinnati is one of the finest in America, and in works of art, painting, statuary and cabinets of rare curiosities, is unsurpassed by many. The owner is one of the most genial and courteous gentlemen of the west.

—The present year marks the centenial anniversary of the invention of steam. In 1769, a patent for the new condensing engine was granted to an obscure person, one Watt by name; hence the civilization of this current year of grace, its wonderful industries, bodily comforts, leisure and humanities.

—A Milwaukee paper reminds P. S. Gilmore that when he left that city some years ago, to seek his fortune, he announced that he should come back again when he had gained a pocket full of rocks, and done "something to make the world respect Pat. Gilmore." Milwaukee now calls upon Pat. Gilmore to come home.

—Over two thousand original manuscripts, furnishing the rare and valuable signatures of nearly all the prominent men and officers of 1776, being the entire correspondence of Gen. Arthur St. Clair, of revolutionary renown, are to be sold between the second and ninth of next month at the Burnet House, in Cincinnati, for the benefit of the heirs of Major Robert Graham, late of Atchison, Kansas.

—The wholesale posioning at the National Hotel, Washington, in 1857, is recalled by the arrival in New York, from Europe, on Wednesday, of D. D. Howard of that city, who has been an invalid ever since the period mentioned, and is supposed to be the sole survivor of that ill-fated company. Who were the guilty parties in this, one of the darkest deeds in our history, has, singularly never been discovered.

—Talent is any profession is about as much appreciated and as well paid for in this country as in any other. For instance, in the musical line, choir singers who grumble at their salaries should read the London *Musical Times*. They will see there that a soprano is wanted at a London church for £9—say $60—a year; Eton College wants for its choir a solo alto, with a powerful voice, familiar with Green's, Croft's and Purcell's anthems, to sing twice every day of the week, for £100 a year; and chorister boys are wanted at salaries ranging from £2 to £10 per annum, including schooling, but exclusive of board or lodging.

—A mother's love is only equaled by a mother's generosity. One thousand of the volumes of the library at the Dayton (Ohio) National Military Asylum is the donation of Mrs. Mary Lowell Putman, of Boston, a benefactress who has never been seen at the asylum, but who has sent her library prepaid, to the door, every volume stamped "Putnam Library," and bound in the best style. Accompanying the books were a number of fine foreign chromos, framed ready for hanging upon the walls. The gift is a mother's tribute to her only son, Charles Lowell Putnam, who was killed at the battle of Ball's Bluff, and whose photograph ornaments the case of the library.

—The latest ocean mystery, the loss of the steamship United Kingdom, is yet unraveled. On the 29th of April, six days after the United Kingdom sailed, the City of Paris reported icebergs and heavy gales in the neighborhood of Cape Race. It is possible that the United Kingdom perished amid these gales, and probably from collision with an iceberg. It is hard to give up hope, but we are not left any foundation on which longer to lean. Like the Hibernia, of painful memory, the United Kingdom has, no doubt, gone down; but unlike the Hibernia, has, in all probability, carried with her her entire living freight. It is, in fact, another terrible sea tragedy—all the more terrible, in truth, that no one has survived to tell the tale.

BEECHER ON EARLY MARRIAGES.

At no after period, perhaps, in their life, do young men need the inspiration of virtuous love, and the sympathy of a companion in their self-denying toil, as when they first enter the battle for their own support. Early marriages are permanent moralities, and deferred marriages are temptations to wickedness. And yet every year it becomes more and more difficult, concurrent with the reigning ideas of society, for young men to enter upon that matrimonial state which is the proper guard of their virtue, as well as the source of their courage and enterprise. The battle of life is almost always at the beginning. There it is that a man needs wedlock. But a wicked and ridiculous public sentiment puts a man who is in society, or out of society, for that matter, largely on the ground of condition, and not of disposition and character. The man that has means wherewith he can visibly live amply, is in good society, as a general rule. The man that has virtue and sterling manliness, but has nothing withal external to show, is not usually considered in good society. Ambitious young men will not, therefore, marry until they can meet their expneses; but that is deferring for years and years the indispensable virtue. Society is bad where two cannot live cheaper than one; and young men are under bad influences who, when in the very morning of life, and better fitted than at any later period to grow together with one who is their equal and mate, are debarred from marrying, through scores of years, from mere prudenital consideration; and the heart and life are sacrificed to the pocket. They are tempted to substitute ambition for love, when at last, over the ashes and expiring embers of their early romance, they select their wife. It is said that men who wait till they are forty or forty-five years of age, select prudently. Alas! for the wife who was not first a sweetheart! Prudence is good, but is prudence servant or queen?

Prudence is good; but what is prudence? It is the dry calculation of the head leagued with the pocket! Is there no prudence in taste, nor prudence in the inspiration of generous love? Is there no prudence in the faith by which, banded, two young persons go down into the struggle of life, saying, "Come weal, come woe, come storm, come calm; love is a match for circumstances, and we will be all to each other!" Woe be to the society in which the customs and manners of the times extend beyond the period of romance and affection of the wedding. You have adjourned the most important secular act of a man's life. You have adjourned it out of Eden into the wilderness! The girl, next infected (and even women fall) with the public spirit, too often waits to be wooed by those who can place her again, in the very beginning of her wedded life, where she was when she was broken off as a branch from the paternal tree. But a graft should always be willing to be a graft, and wait till it can make its own top by legitimate growing. And woe is the day when every girl says, "I will not marry until my husband in the beginning has as much as my father had at the end of his life." For she—what is she? Who was it that Jupiter won in a shower of gold? Whoever it was, that is the type. She whose heart is won by abundance; she who is bought into matrimony by house and land; she who marries for genteel wealth—she it is that Jupiter seduced by gold. For all wedlock is adulterous in which it is not the heart that inspires marriage. Noble is that young spirit, which, seeing, and loving, and chosing, and silently biding her choice, is won and chosen, and giving herself freely, romantically, if you will (God be thanked for the romance,) goes down to the level of her husband's nothingness and poverty, that she and he may, with willing hands, from the bottom build up their estate. Blessed is the woman who sees that in going down she is going up, and that it is the losing of life that saves it. Blessed is the woman who carries with her into married life all that she learned in the refinement of her father's family; who proves that she is a woman in this: that gentleness and praise and abundance, and luxury even, ministered to the better parts of her nature, and prepared her to go forth and minister earnestly and permanently in the midst of difficulties. Thousands there are who, when once they are called, and know their master, Love, go cheerfully out with the young man and take part and lot with him. Oh, that young men would trust them more, and prove them better, and see if this is not so. How noble a thing it is to see the cultured, the polished, and the refined, go down to the very beginning of things, led by love, fed by love, and at last rewarded by love!

Live together alone, if you have to go into the desert for it, and feed on herbs! Abhor Sodom and Gomorroh—or boarding houses! Men sometimes speak of the meagre and pinched fare. These are unworthy of notice. It is not these. It is that men learn self-indulgence there. Men learn there not to be house holders. And all that various discipline, all that ministration of care, and all that drill of contrivance, all that social independence, all that subtle atmosphere, indescribable and unanalyzable, which belongs to the solitary household, they miss. No man and woman can make husband and wife, father and mother, and householders on the pattern of their fathers, who begin and continue their married life in hot-bed style of existence. And yet they are unwilling to take a house that they can afford; and they cannot afford to take the house they fain would live in, because furniture is so dear, and virtue is cheap; because society requires a certain amount of appearance, you know; because it would not do to go to the outskirts of the town! A log cabin is better for young married people than the Fifth Avenue Hotel would be, if they had the whole of it for nothing! What you get for nothing is least valuable to you of anything. What you earn is all value. Under these influences, the whole life is written in the wrong key. Men having started on the false principle, they do not get over it. They are perpetually tempted to overlive by their very affections. If there is anything that an honorable and sensible man's nature feels and cannot stand, it is the silent comparison, on the part of the wife, by a look even, of the way in which she did live, and the way in which she does live. How does this drive men into dishonesties? How does it drive them out of simplicity and out of bold willingness to live according to their circumctances? How does it teach them to live for other people's eyes and not for their own actual needs? How does it teach them to be more subject to vanity than love? Such life is hollow. Ostentation takes the place of sincerity, and so, ere long, a man is educated to be a rogue, and steals. And woman takes on unvirtue, because that pays the bill of extravagance quicker than anything else. —*Plymouth Church Sermons.*

Luck and Labor.

Indolent people are the only true disciples of luck, and luck alone is their god. They are always sure something is going to "turn up" for their benefit, and therefore wait in idleness, with "folding of hands," while the industrious, with strong and sharp will, go manfully to work and "turn up" something from the most unpromising materials.

Luck sleeps on the hope of a legacy tomorrow, breakfasts on disappointment, and sits out the day in cold and hunger, still waiting for the fortune that labor achieves by sturdy blows and well directed efforts. The ringing hammer, and the busy pen, are laying the foundation of competence, while indolence fosters misery and crime.

Luck is simply the bantling of the most precarious chance, while labor is the all-powerful god of success, that overleaps every obstacle, and conquors the world in detail.

Luck whines. Labor whistles. Luck relies on the turn of a card. Labor on sturdy blows and honesty of purpose. Luck slips downward to penury. Labor strides upward to independence. Luck makes the outcast and the criminal. Labor the man of substance and the christian gentleman.

Labor is despised by none but fools. It is the true friend of rich and poor alike, and merits the humble duty of every son and daughter of God.

BEFORE these modern days of dictionaries and spelling books, the best educated people wrote the English language in various odd fashions. The autograph letters of kings, queens, and school children, and those of the most famous literary people are not much better. A remarkable specimen of this sort of bad spelling, is a letter written a little more than a century ago by the mother of Washington, which has recently been sold at auction in Baltimore. It is as follows:

"July the 2 1760.

"Dear Brother

"this Coms by Capt Nickelson you Seem to blam me for not writing to you but I doe a shour you it is Note for Wante of a very great Regard for you and the family but as I dont ship tobacco the Captins Never Calls one me soe that I Never knew when tha come or when tha goe I beleve you have got a very good overseer at this quarter now Capt Newton has taken a Large pease of ground from you which I dear say if you had been hear your self it had not been Don Mr. Danial and his wife and family is well Cozen Hannah has been married and Lost her husband She has one child a boy may give my love to Sister Ball and Mr. Downman & his Lady and am Dear Brother,

"Your Loving Sister
"MARY WASHINGTON."

Yet Mrs. Washington was esteemed one of the first ladies of Virginia! Times change, and fashions change with them.

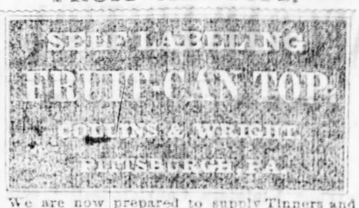
DEAD MEN.—"Have you ever read the "Ancient Mariner?" asked Bev. Mr. Spurgeon, one day of his congregation. "I dare say you thought it one of the strangest imaginations ever put together, especially that part where the old mariner represen's the corpses of all dead men rising up to man the ship—dead men pulling the roaps, dead men steering, dead men spreading sails. I thought what a strange idea that was. But do you know I have lived to see that time! I have lived to see it done! I have gone into churches, and I have seen a dead man in the pulpit, a dead man as a deacon, and a dead man handing the plate, and dead men sitting to hear."

THE three essentials for happiness—something to do, something to love, and something to live for.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:m22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:b37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

CARPETS.

JULY, 1869.

SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy13:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS.

FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24 d&wT

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
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OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bracley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c, "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
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WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh28:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.
Is a Favorite Summer Resort,
Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address
GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:b7

STOCKTON HOTEL,
CAPE MAY, N. J.,
Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.
For terms, &c., until then, address,
PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street' Philadelphia.
je2:k15-WFM

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,
Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,
my21:194 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS.
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO. R. E. BREED & CO.

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
COMMISSION STABLES
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,
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DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap8

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $350. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.
Orders for tuning and repairing will be promptly attended to by C. F. Mathews.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET.
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
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JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n87

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WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pouritis, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who has failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY July 12, 1869.

The market was again very quiet to-day, and devoid of anything new or really important. There was a fair volume of business in Crude, while of Refined there was not a single transaction compared with Saturday the feeling was easier, and prices generally ruled a fraction lower. Refiners, are again complaining, and with good reason, too, that there is no margin, that Crude is relatively higher than refined, and that so far as they are concerned, the trade is by no means in a satisfactory condition. Crude is relatively cheaper in New York and other eastern markets than it is here, and the way the matters now stand they can buy refined to a much better advantage than they can make it. Some of the Cleveland papers have been boasting, recently, that they were in a fair way for taking the trade from Pittsburgh, but private advices from that place would indicate that in regard to refining oil, Cleveland has but little, if any, advantage over Pittsburgh, and our refiners here are not very much alarmed about that village monopolizing the business.

CRUDE.

Sale 2,000 bbls, seller all year, at 14¼; 1,000 (40 to 44) seller 10 days, at 15; 1,000 buyer all year, on private terms; 4,000 seller all year, at 14½, and on Saturday evening, 1,000 July, at 1⅝. To-day there are no buyers for spot or seller July, at over 14¾; against sales on Saturday at 15.

REFINED.

There was not a single sale reported, and the market appeared to be quiet and weak, with a drooping tendency. July was quoted at 32 buyer, and 32½ seller; and lines running from July to December, and October to December, at 33¼@33½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	85c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 500 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. Koehler & Co. 100 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined 700

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	960 bbls
R. T. Leech	400 "
Ardesco Ref	480 "
Holdship	320 "
Tack Bro	480 "
E. Fawcett	480 "
Total	3,120 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

M'Kenna & Rodgers, 25 bbls lubricating to A. P. Phipps, Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 29 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bro. Philadelphia.

Brooks Ballentine & Co., 102 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined 166

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 12, 1869.

CATTLE.

The supply of Cattle on sale to day, was unusually light, 570 head, and with a good retail demand, the market compared with last week, was stronger and more active, and good Cattle sold readily at full prices. Of the stock on sale, there were 3 cars from Chicago, 5 from Indianpolis, 2 from Lima, 3 from Newark, 1 from Orrville, 2 from Salem, 2 from Milford and 1 from Crestline. In addition, there were two or three cars driven over from Central Yards, and there were several droves from Washington and Butler counties.

As has been the case for some time past, there were but comparatively few good cattle in market, and while prime fat steers sold quick at 7½@8, light and inferior stock was dull, and did not bring, relatively, as good prices. Our butchers generally want good cattle, and many of them will buy nothing else, and we doubt very much whether there is another city in the country that is furnished with as much good beef, or fresh meat of any kind, as the "Smoky City." Most of the best cattle come from Chicago, but it is said that the Chicago butchers are not in the habit of buying good stock; that all the best cattle are bought for other markets, and then they come in and take the refuse or leavings.

There appears to be little or no demand for stock cattle which may be attributed to the fact that there were no country buyers, farmers, generally, being busily engaged in looking after their crops. There was a small number of stock steers on sale to-day, but it is probable they were left over.

Roberts wholesaled 37 head Allen Co. (Ohio) steers to Greenwald & Kahn, at $70 per head, or about 6¾ cts. per pound.

Hedges & Taylor sold 23 head of fair to prime steers, at 6@7,35.

Keefer & Katz 10 head Washington Co. stock, at 6@7 cts.

Garwin & Co. 16 head Butler Co. steers, bulls and cows, at 3@5¼.

Peter Hartman 26 Green Co. cows and steers, at 5@7¾.

L. & J. Shamberg 38 Ohio cattle, at 5¾@7.

M. Verner 17 Chicago steers, at 7½@8c.

Haas & Kraus 25 head Washington Co. steers averaging 1,200, at an average of 7c.

Jacob Needy 51 head Ohio steers, at 7@8.

Hazlewood & Blackstock wholesaled 20 head for Shomaker, at 5.90; 20 for R. O. Campbell, at 6,62; retailed 57 head for Campbell, at 6@8.

Jas. Hanlin 15 head Washington Co. steers and heifers, at 5@6¼.

Greenwald & Kahn 50 head, at 6@8.

S. Marks & Bro. 39 Chicago steers, at 8; 20 Ohio steers, at 6,87@7½; 8 head Washington Co. steers, at 6¼.

Traurman & Lobman 35 head Washington Co. steers, at 7¼@7½; 27 head Chicago stock steers, at 6½@6; 20 Ohio steers, at 7@7¼.

Carr & McAllister 14 head Ohio stock for Campbell, at 6@6½.

Smith & Blue 12 head Missouri steers, at 5¾@6.30.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 44 head mixed stock, at 5@7.

L. Rothchilds 12 head Butler Co, steers, at 5½@7¼.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was a pretty full supply of this class of stock on sale to-day, about 1,900 head, and, as has been the case for some time past, they were mostly inferior in regard to quality; consequently while prime sheep sold readily at full prices the lower grades were very dull, and to effect sales, concessions had to be made.

There was one drove of some 700 head, from Tuscarawas county, Ohio, that deserves special mention. It was the hardest looking drove of sheep that has been in market for many a day; the pick is reported as having sold at $1,00 to 1,25 per head, and John Kerwin bought between 60 and 70 lambs, out of the same drove for $24, or less than 50 cents per head. It was thought the whole lot would not average above 40 to 50 cents per head.

As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prime to extra fat sheep sold at $4,50@5 per head, and Lambs at $1,00@3,50.

C. Beeler wholesaled 75 sheep, at $5 per head, lambs $1,50@3,00.

Vandever sold 75 sheep at $2,50@3,00, Lambs at $1,60@2,75.

Adam Eckert sold 187 lambs at $1,75 @3,60.

Stakely & Bro sold 200 sheep, at $1,50 @4, lambs $1@3.

Jacob Emmill sold 110 sheep and lambs, at an average of $2.

Jas. Shaw sold 75 sheep and lambs, at $3,25@5.

Jas Kerr sold 50 Allegheny county sheep, at 85 cents to $4¼ per head.

Beigle sold 60 sheep, at $1@2,50.

Jonathan Davis sold 260 sheep, at $1 @3, lambs at $1,50@3,59.

Jacob Rynn sold 155 sheep, for Williams, at $2,50@4 per pead.

HOGS.

Continue very dull while prices are nominally unchanged. Sales in a retail way at $9@10,50 per cwt. gross as to quality and condition.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Ashes; pots quiet and steady at $1,37@1,62; pearls dull. Cotton unchanged: sales of 850 bales at 34¼@34½c for uplands. Flour favors buyers; sales of 10,800 bbls at $5,20@5,60 for superfine state and western, $6,50@6,90 for extra state, $6,20@6,90 for extra western, $7,00@7,25 for white wheat extra, $6,50 for R. H. O., $7,00@7,50 for extra St. Louis, $8,00@10,00 for good to choice do., closing heavy; included in sales were 6,800 bbls for export at $6,00@6,75 for state and $6,50 for western; California quiet; sales 250 bbls at $6,40@9; Oregon quiet at $8,10@9,50; the receipts were 59,002 bbls. Rye Flour firm; sales of 300 bbls at $4,10@6,40. Corn Meal is in moderate request with sales of 200 bbls at $4,60 for Jersey, $4,70 for western. Whisky fair request, 150 bbls western at $1,03½@1,04 free. Grain receipts: 320,308 bushels wheat. Wheat heavy, 2@3c lower; sales of 121,000 bush at $1,47@1,48 for No. 2 spring, $1,55 for No. 1 do, $1,50@153½ for Nos. 1 and 2 do mixed, $1,56 for winter western, $1,62½ for Amber Michigan, $1,45 for soft No. 2 Chicago spring, $1,70 for white California. Rye steady; sales of 2,000 bush at $1,27 for western, and $1,28 for State. Barley and barley malt dull and nominal. Corn—receipts of 16,557 bushels—heavy, 1@2c lower; sales of 5,300 bushels; 73@74c for new mixed western via canal, 94@95c via railroad, and 96c for a small lot choice do, closing heavy, about 1@2c below the extreme quotations. Oats—receipts of 41,000 bush —without decided change; sales of 48,000 bush at 82@83c for western afloat. Stock of grain in warehouse July 12th: wheat, 543 014 bushels, including 391,510 bush California, corn 544,113 bush, oats 24,007 bush, rye 66,379 bush, barley 2,875 bush, malt 89,295 bush, peas 27,051 bush. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm and in good demand: sales 1,000 hhds Cuba at 11⅝@11¾c; 1,500 boxes Havana on private terms. Molasses dull and unsettled. Petroleum quiet at 17c, crude; 32@32½c, refined. Hops quiet and steady at 8@15c, American. Linseed Oil quiet at $1@1,01. Turpentine firm at 44@45c. Provisions: Pork firm; sales 425 bbls at $32,12@32,37, new mess $31.75, old; $26@27, prime; $28,25@29,00, prime mess. Beef active and 5c easy, with sales of 1,400 bbls at $8 @16 for new plain mess; $12@18 new extra mess. Tierce beef nominal at $20 @25 for prime mess; $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady, with sales of 200 bbls at $20@31. Cut meats quiet and heavy, with sales of 100 pkgs at 13½@14c for shoulders, and 16@16½c for Hams. Middles steady. Lard quiet and steady, with sales of 375 tierces at 18¾@19½c for steam and 19¾@20c for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 16@32c for Ohio, and 20 @36c for State. Cheese dull at 10@15½c. Freights to Liverpool scarcely so firm; engagements, 80 000 bushels wheat at 8d per sail, and 9d@9¼d per steam.

Latest.—Flour dull and a trifle lower, with speculative holders rather more disposed to realize. Wheat rather more steady, with a better export demand for spring. Rye quiet and nominal, at $1,26 @1,28 for western. Oats quiet, at 82c for western afloat. Corn dull and heavy, at 89@93c for sound mixed western via canal and railroad. Pork quiet and without decided change, at $32,25@32,35 for mess. Beef steady and in moderate demand. Cut Meats steady and in fair demand. Bacon quiet and nominal. Lard quiet, at 19¾@19¼c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Money in fair demand. Exchange quiet and selling at 1-10 premium. Freights dull, but vessel owners firm; engagements at 8½ for wheat to Kingston; also, engagements on private terms for corn to Buffalo. Flour market dull, and owing to the decline in wheat, sales at $4,6@5 for spring superfine, and $5,12½@6,25 for spring extras. Wheat active, and the demand almost exclusively speculative, owing to New York advices against the interest of holders, and the market declined 2@ 2¼c; sales of No. 1 spring at $1,29@1.31, and of No. 2 do. at $1,27@1,28½; closing at the latter figure; in options No. 2 sold pretty extensively at $1,26@ 1,28 seller July, and $1,26 seller August; after 'Change the market was firmer but unsettled, with sales of No. 2 at $1,29½@ 1,30. Corn quiet and prices lower; No. 1 sold in a quiet way at 81c, and No. 2 at 76¼@78c; closing at 77c; in options there were sales of No. 2 at 77c seller last half of July, 76¼@77c seller July, 77½@78¼c buyer July, and 77½@78c seller August. Oats dull and lower, closing quiet at 65¼ @66c for No. 2. Rye quiet and unsettled; sales at $1,05@1,07 for No. 1, closing with sellers a inside figure. Barley; No. 2 is scarce and entirely nominal, with one small sale at $1,55. Highwines are firmer and active at an advance of 1@2c per gallon, with sales at 97½@98c. Provisions are quiet but holders are firm. Mess Pork is steady at $33. Lard is a shade stronger at 18¾@18½c. Shoulders are firmer, with buyers at 12½c, and sweet pickled hams at 16¼@17c. Receipts—3,421 barrels flour, 80,804 bushels wheat, 94,690 bushels corn, 18,372 bushels oats, 1,095 bushels rye, and 1,442 head of hogs. Shipments—1,042 barrels flour, 38,525 bushels wheat, 4,223 bushels corn, 3,577 bushels oats, 800 bushels rye, and 3,904 head of hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Tobacco: most of the stock has been withdrawn from the market, prices not being satisfactory; sales very small and prices unchanged. Cotton: nothing doing; middlings would bring 32@32½c. Hemp: large sales of undressed on Kentucky account at $1,25 @1,40; fancy dressed $2,50. Flour: low grades still active, but other qualities dull and unchanged; superfine sold at $5,25@5,75; extras, $5,87½@6,25; double extras, $6 25@7 treble extra to fancy, $7 @10,50. Wheat firm and unchanged; choice No. 2 sold at $1,20@1,22; No. 1 at $1,25; good to strictly prime new red at $1,30@1 35; choice old and new ditto at $1,40; fancy new red and choice old and new white at $1,50. Corn firm and held higher but moves slowly at Saturday's advance; mixed in new graneries sold at 90@91c; choice yellow, 92@94c; choice white brought 95@97c. Oats firm and higher; sales at 72@76c for mixed, white to choice white. Rye quiet at $1,12½. Whisky firm and buoyant at $1,00. Groceries steady and more doing, but prices unchanged. Rio Coffee: fair to price 21⅛@24½c; choice 25@25½c. Louisiana Sugar; fair to prime 12¾@14c; choice 14¼@14¾c. Plantation Molasses 65@80c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork; jobbing and order sales at $33,25. Bacon; jobbing and order lots at 14@14¼c for shoulders, 18@18¼c for clear sides and 21c for sugar cured hams. The stock of dry salt and smoked meat in this market is reported to be 5,500,000 pounds sides, 3,000,000 pounds shoulders, 780,000 pounds hams and 1,000 barrels pork. Lard declined to 18c for prime kettle. Receipts—Flour, 2.000 bbls; wheat, 6,100 bush; corn, 8,900 bush; oats, 4,600 bush; rye, 200 bush; hogs, 300 head.

CLEVELAND, July 12.—Flour; city made: $9,00 for treble extra white; $7,75 @8,00 for double extra amber; $6,75@7,00 for double extra red winter; $6,00 for extra red winter; $6,50 for double extra spring; country made: $7,50@8,25 for double extra white; $6,25@7,25 for double extra red and amber; $6,25@6,75 for double extra spring. Wheat; No. 1 red winter held at $1,40; sale of two cars No. 2 do. at $1,31. Corn; No. 1 held at 83c. Oats; No. 1 sold at 76c. Rye; sales of No. 2 at $1,10. Petroleum, refined 29@30c, July and August; crude held at $6,35.

TOLEDO, July 12.—The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 500 barrels of flour, 5,600 bushels of wheat, 8,700 bushels of corn, 2,100 bushels of oats. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat; amber 1@1½c better at $1,43@1,43½, No. 2 red at $1,37½, No. 1 white held at $1,43, white regular offered at $1,40 without buyers. Corn steady and unchanged No. 1 at 85, No. 2 at 81. Oats 1c lower and quiet at 71 for Michigan. Rye quiet; no round lots offering. Barley dull and nominal.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Flour firm and in fair demand, with sales of northwestern extra family at $6,25@7; Ohio do., at $7@8; Pennsylvania do., $6@6,75; fancy at $9@10,75. Wheat held firmly; old red $1,45@1,50, and new Delaware and Maryland at $1,55@1,62. Rye, $1,33. Corn is advancing, with sales of yellow at $1,05@1,10, and mixed western at 98@ 1,03. Oats in good demand, with sales of western at 75@80c. Provisions are inactive. Mess Pork is held at $33. Lard, 19½c. Whisky, 95c@$1,05.

MILWAUKEE, July 12.—Flour dull and nominally 25c lower. Wheat steady at $1,30½ for No. 1, and $1,29½ for No. 2. Oats dull, but firm at 68c for No. 2. Corn dull and nominal. Rye in good demand at $1,03 for No. 1. Grain freights firm at 5c to Buffalo, and 9c to Oswego. Receipts—1,000 bbls flour, 73,000 bush wheat, 4,000 bush oats. Shipments—4,000 bbls flour, 86,000 bush wheat.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Flour firm and quiet, and the scarcity of stock restricts business. Wheat weak and receipts large; new red $1,50@1,55. Corn firm; white $1,05; yellow 96@98c. Oats firm at 73@78c. Mess pork quiet at $34. Bacon active and firm; rib sides 18@18¼c; clear ribs 18¼@18½c; shoulders 15@15¼c; hams 22@22¼c. Lard quiet at 19½@20c.

MEMPHIS, July 12.—Cotton quiet and steady at 32½c; receipts, 118 bales; exports, 59 bales. Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat—new $1,10@1,40. Corn 90c. Oats 80@82c. Hay $24@25. Bran $22. Cornmeal $4,25. Pork $34,50. Lard 19½@20½c. Bacon firm; shoulders 14¾c, sides 18¾c.

LOUISVILLE, July 12.—Heavy Bagging 22c; light do 16c. Superfine Flour, $4.25. Grain and Groceries unchanged. Leaf Tobacco dull; sales of 58 hhds at $4 80@ 18. Provisions quiet. Pork $33. Bacon —clear sides 18½; clear rib 18c; shoulders 14½c. Highwines 98c.

DETROIT, July 12.—Wheat: No. 1 white is dull at $1,64, and No. 2 do. at $1,36. Corn scarce at 80@82c. Oats quiet at 70 @72c. Mill feed is scarce, with sales of bran at 15c, coarse middlings at 20c, and fine do. at 25c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Suly 12.—Cattle market—beeves plenty, with 826 on sale to-day, completing 6,818 for the week. Trade less lively and a few remnants are unsold to-night. Prices declined ½c, but the quality of stock is not good. Nearly all the cattle at Communipaw were sold; 175 Illinois cattle, by one shipper, average about 6¼ cwt., brought 14@16c: 2 cars fine, 9 cwt., Ohio grades, averaged 16c; a drove of 100 at 37, Texans, 6½ cwt., brought 12½c. Thin stock sold slowly, and none of the cattlemen are paying for inspecting their droves. They will combine to contest the Jersey law if necessary. Sheep are abundant, counting up 27,970 for the week, with 8,459 to day. They are not selling and thin lots have a downward tendency besides being very hard to sell; some poor sheep offered at $2 each, while sales have been made at $1,50 per head; a car of 80 pound Ohio sheep brought 5c; another car same weight 5½; a lot poor 75 pounds 4½; some 90 lb State sheep at 6¾c; a lot of 50 pound State lambs brought 10c, some of 41 pounds 9c, a car of Canada 56 pounds 10¾c, with a car of fat 51 pound Jerseys at 11¼c. Hogs are scarce under the manipulations of the ring; only 12,820 head arrived for the week, 4,560 head to-day; operators keep them at 12c for dressed when more might be obtained; the ring are trying to control the Chicago market as well as this, and outsiders must sell to this ring at their terms, for they control the slaughtering houses so no one else can kill here.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Beef cattle moderately active and prices without change; with sales of 1,600 head at 9@ 9¾c for extra Pennsylvania and western steers; 7@8¾c for fair to good do.; 5@6¼c per pound gross for common. Sheep dull, with sales of 9,000 head at 4¼@6c per gross. Hogs lower, with sales of 2,800 head at $13@13,50 per cwt net; and a few choice at $13,75.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Cattle opened dull but fairly active, end at the close prices were 10@25c lower, with sales at $4,87½ @5.65 for cows and light steers for city consumption; $6,75@7.30 for good to choice, and $7,80 for extra choice shipping lots. Hogs are reasonably active and a shade firmer, at $8,35@8,65 for fair to good, and $8,75@9 for choice.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Cattle quiet and unchanged at 3½@6½c. Hogs firm and in demand at 8@9¾c.

2,000,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION.

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14 St. Louis, Missouri.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily with scant seven feet in the chanhel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather cloudy and hot with strong indication at times of rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 86 in shade.

The Julia from Zanesville arrived and the Lorena from St. Louis, was due last evening. She has been out several days from Cincinnati, but it should be borne in mind that she had a barge in tow.

The Glendale, Capt. Hare, is filling up steadily for St. Louis, and she is announced to depart to-day. She is, in all respects, one of the best boats in the trade.

The Bellevernon, Capt. Darragh, will follow the Glendale to St. Louis.

Capt. W. H. (better known as "Dock") Hailan, has suceded Capt. Mulheman in command of the New State.

The Julia returnes to Zanesville to-day.

The United States Register, or Blue Book, for 1869, contains a table of the tunnage of United States. In river commerce, Pittsburgh is second on the list, St. Louis being first, and Cincinnati third.

The tow boat, W. J. Bigley, left for Louisville on Saturday, with a tow containing 6,500 bushels of coal.

Business continues slow at the landing, freight for all points being scarce, and notwithstanding there is plenty of water, boats experience considerable difficulty in picking up a trip.

The Importer is on the dock at St. Louis, and will be placed in fine condition.

The R. C. Gray and Tom Farrow, at last accounts, contemplated filling out with iron ore, at Sulphur Springs below St. Louis.

—The St. Louis *Republican* says: "Wash" Floyd, Esq., a well-known second clerk on the river, and brother-in-law to Capt. W. B. Donaldson, on yesterday met Mr. Shreve, the former counsel of Capt. D. during his late trial, and administered to the aforesaid counsel a heavy thrashing, which from all accounts we have heard, was richly deserved. The parties were arrested, but as neither lodged complaint, were discharged.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 12.—12 cars pig iron, Nimick & Co; 6 do do, Bryan & Co; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 5 do do, Zug & Co; 6 do do, Superior Iron Mills; 1 do do, Pittsburgh Forge Co; 35 sks bones, Hoveler & Co; 40 bxs cheese, Haworth & Dewherst; 10 do do J Wilson & Son; 93 sks rye, 25 sks oats, H Rea Jr; 25 tcs hams, 9 do grease, F Sellers & Co; 1 car stone, C Miller, 1 do do, J Metcalf; 1 do staves, 100 oil bbls, M P Adams & Bro; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 158 sks rye, Kiel & Ritchart; 1 car corn, Wm Bingham; 25 bxs jars, Wm Little; 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 2 bbls potatoes, Woodworth & Davidson; 90 sks flour, D W Galway; 200 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 200 do do, H Knox; 100 do do, J A Deitz; 5 bbls spirits, Schmidt & Friday; 10 tcs lard, W B Hays & Son; 15 bbls lard oil, 50 cases lard, J H Parker; 50 green salted hides, J Hammitt & Son; 100 do do, F Y McLaughlin; 21 bxs salaratus, Penna Salt Manf Co; 1 car scrap iron, T Maloney.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 11.—1 car iron ore, McKnight & Co; 1 do do, H Woodsides; 2 do do, J Moorhead; 2 cars stone, Henderson & Co; 2 cars lime, D L Reynold; 7 do do, Shoenbergor & Blair; 90 carbys acid, Lockhart & Frew; 1 bbl eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 8 pks marketing, J D McCrossan; 1 sk rags, W H Kirkpatrick; 27 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 1 bbl eggs, A Ressman; 1 do do, J Shal; 1 do do, Malone; 3 do do, H Friesse; 1 do do, More; 33 sks oats, Harrison & Co; 1 box hard-ware, Lyon, Shorb & Co; 2 bxs butter, L J Blanchard; 1 car grain, Robb & Herron; 10 bxs, 1 crate rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 2 rolls paper, R Christy.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 11.—176 sks rye, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 18 sks rags, McCullough & Co; 3 cases boots, W E Schmertz & Co; 20 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 2 tcs hams 1 hhd shoulders, W H Daugherty; 2 tubs cheese, J A Graff; 50 bbls oil J Spear; 21 bbls bone dust, Seward & Emerson; 15 bbls rosin, Strong & Wetzel; 6 bxs 8 kegs tobacco, Pretzfield & Bro.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 12.—1 car metal, Pittsburgh Forge & Iron Co; 2 cars iron ore, Superior Iron Co; 1 car staves, Ralya & Robertson; 109 bdls paper, Frazier & Metzgar; 100 bbls flour Geo. Stewart; 2 cars stone, Forrester & Megraw; 1 do do, J P & & R H Knox; 6 cars iron ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 1 car wheat, R T Kennedy Bro; 5 tcs hams, J Kohen; 5 bbls cement, Reid Bro.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine passenger packet.

BELLEVERNON....Capt. J. J. DARRAGH, JR.,

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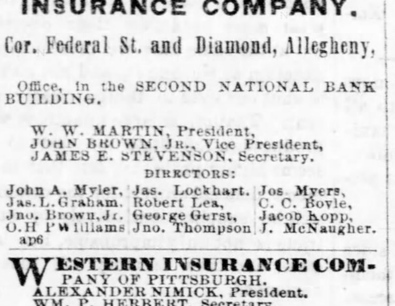

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1869.

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Leave.		*Arrive.*	
Chicago Ex....	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Yg'n Ex.	7:48 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:15 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & M	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE.
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS.
ALEXANDER MILLAR.
JOSEPH WALTON.
JAMES TAYLOR.
D. N. WHITE.
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER.
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS.
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER.
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER.
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER.
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT.
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR.
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "Two," Ephemeris, Beecher on Early Marriages, Luck and Labor, An Ancient Letter. Third and Sixth pages: Markets, Imports, Finance and Trade, River News. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household, Amusements.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅛@87.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 136½.

HAVE the Allegheny delegation to the Harrisburg Convention made a good second-hand bargain for the discarded equipments of last year's Pendleton escort to New York?

THE HAHNEMAN Medical College of Chicago contemplates throwing open its doors to women as students on the same terms as the men are now received. Eminently right.

THE very warm weather we are now having should serve as a warning to all persons to exercise more than usual sanitaay precautions about their premises, and to avoid eating any unripe fruit prejudicial to health.

TENNESSEE politicians on both sides are rapidly making reputation for themselves as partisans with much less sense, discretion and dignity than stupidity, hot bloodedness and integrity. That State has more than one ANDREW JOHNSON within her boundaries, who are developing the peculiarities of character which rendered the original an object of scorn and pity.

THE GERMAN SABBATARIANS have not yet made any informations against the numerous violators of the Sunday law. It is announced that a counter-movement is to be made by those troubled with their neighbors' method of repealing an odious law, by prosecuting the movers in the matter on a charge of conspiracy. A pretty storm is brewing, but we shall see what we shall see.

IF THE "blundering old fossils swamp" our favorite candidate at Harrisburg to-morrow, we give them fair notice that we shall make a fuss about it. One of our neighbors, which boasts itself as a Democratic journal, will swallow the affront, fossils and all, but we don't intend to follow its pernicious example—unless we are counted in with the rest when the hundred thousand dollars are divided. In that case, we may go with the rest of the crowd.

NINE millions of National bonds are to be withdrawn from market by the Secretary of the Treasury within the next three weeks—to be held subject to the direction of Congress. The Democracy of Pennsylvania, in their resolutions to-morrow, should gratefully recognize the Pendletonian policy of the Secretary who thus hastens to give greenbacks for bonds. It will be very shabby if they don't. There should be no narrow-minded jealousy touching this Republican inauguration of their favorite dogma.

THE MARYLAND DEMOCRACY, in view of the inevitable admission of the colored race to political rights, under the XVth Article, are proposing to follow the example of the friends in Virginia, in conciliating the new voters to the support of the "Conservative" ticket. It is a very numerous class in Maryland which is at present excluded from the suffrage; its admission cannot therefore fail to ensure important results in their local politics. There, as elsewhere, the sympathies of this class are with the Republican party, and should be made effectively advantageous, instead of being chilled or repelled, as seems unfortunately to have been the case in others of the once slave-holding States. It has an odd look to see a party which has given such constant proofs, both theoretical and practical, of its sincere devotion to the most elevated ideas of republican liberty, so uniformly outgeneralled, in its electioneering tactics, by that opposition which has constantly denied even personal rights to the despised race. It is comfortable to reflect that such a condition of things is not to exist always.

IN THE FIVE DISTRICTS outside of but contiguous to the city of New York, over $50,000,000 of taxable incomes are assessed this year, with an increase of nearly $300,000 in the revenue. In the seven districts of the city, the assessment on more than $85,000,000 yields this year an increased revenue of $877,479. Thus, in the twelve districts, more than one and a quarter millions is added to the revenue this year, from the single source specified, under a reformed administration of the law. The total receipts to that Bureau have averaged over one million of dollars per day since July came in, the aggregate surprising even the most sanguine of the Treasury officials. So much for honesty in the assessments and efficiency in the collections under Republican auspices! Expiring, as it does, by limitation after one more payment, the tax from incomes will be dropped just when we have found out the best methods for its enforcement. Peculiarly a tax upon individual wealth, the evasions and perjuries with which its operations have been resisted have probably occasioned a viler aggregate of fraud than even the much abused whisky-excise.

IS THE *Mail* not aware that there are oil fields outside of Pennsylvania to which operators must turn their attention ere long, inasmuch as our regions are becoming exhausted? The comparative figures it presents to prove the contrary, mean nothing. If, with all the capital expended during the past year in developing, putting down wells in new places, the product shows no material increase, is it not satisfactorily evident that the regions are giving out? If the old wells are doing as handsomely now as they did last year, why has not the yield of the new wells largely increased the aggregate of production? The old territory is nigh exhausted, and the supply has been kept up by the wells in the newly developed sections, but how long, judging from past experience, will these new fields hold out, and when they fail, what then? We would be very sorry to lose the great oil interest, and have capitalists abandon our State for neighboring ones to push more profitably their operations, but at the same time we must accept the situation as we find it, and not endeavor to shut our eyes to things clearly apparent. That oil in large quantities will be produced in the State for years to come seems highly probable, but that the immense demand created for the commodity will be supplied exclusively by our districts is not only improbable, but impossible, and new territory will have to be developed.

THE DEMOCRACY of Pennsylvania meet in Convention to-morrow, to nominate a Governor and Judge. The contest for the first place absorbs the interest of the party, so that but little is said of the second. The main competitors for the Gubernatorial nomination are HANCOCK, CASS, PACKER and MCCANDLESS. The old "fossils"—an opprobrious term which the *Post* applies to such veteran leaders of the party as Messrs. Clymer, Bigler, Woodward and the rest, are favorable to PACKER first and HANCOCK next. An enthusiastic but verdant wing of the party displays a gushing devotion to our own CASS, but will find themselves powerless to secure his nomination. MCCANDLESS has a few friends who seem to forget that his military record, which they rely upon, is really what will stand most in his way. The real contest is clearly between PACKER and HANCOCK, and this presents the simplest of issues for the decision of the Convention. The first offers, it is said, $100,000 for campaign purposes, if nominated, and is able to lay out as much more to-morrow among the delegates, to secure their choice. HANCOCK, less wealthy, has no capital but his military glory, and a prestige of success. His rival's ready cash will be potent, but "HANCOCK and Victory" may present greater attractions to a sanguine Democracy. The General's best hold will be as a compromise candidate, after his three competitors have used each other up.

Whoever may be nominated will stand upon a platform which shall either ignore the colored Democracy, or will embrace all races and conditions of mankind in a common brotherhood of "resistance to Radical oppression." The Democracy of Pennsylvania no longer hate the "nigger." Africa is henceforth blotted out from their map of the world, and a glittering generality or two, about State rights, will dispose of the once great question of equal suffrage.

THE representative statesmen of the Pennsylvania Democracy are not, if we are to credit the assurances of the Pittsburgh *Post*, of that class which it thus describes:

The specimens presented in the last National Convention, who were distinguished mainly by a nervous anxiety to retire to consult, and never did anything but blunder, from the first to the last moment of the Convention. The same old fossils are at work now to swamp us, but we have hope that a more youthful and clearer headed influence will rule the hour.

The "fossils" against whom this bitter sneer is directed, were Messrs. Woodward, Clymer, Bigler, Dawson and so on, friends of Judge Packer, and whom the *Post* will never forgive for their offense in selling out its friend Pendleton. We must remind our neighbor of the glaring imprudence of such language as that quoted, if it be sincerely aiming at the success of the CASS movement at Harrisburg to-morrow. Our delegates will meet in the Convention those very gentlemen whom the *Post* reviles—and will find them as ever potential in the Democratic Council. Is it wise to insult them by these unkind allusions? Or is it clearly settled that they have already "swamped" the aspirations of the distinguished President of the defunct Fort Wayne railway, and that the paragraph above quoted is a vindictive declaration of war? Very likely, the last! In that event, the *Post* gains nothing by its ebullition; there will only be the more humble pie for it to swallow—as soon as the Convention adjourns. The "blundering old fossils" will heed neither the remonstrances nor the threats of the *Post*; they have always had good reason to know that our neighbor can match its facility of indignant protest with its own alacrity in eating the bravest of its words.

"Blundering old fossils!" That's good!

OUR DEMOCRACY may honor themselves by nominating Mr. G. W. CASS for Governor to-morrow. Apart from political considerations, we should be gratified to see that honor conferred upon a distinguished and estimable citizen of Western Pennsylvania. But we apprehend that this result of to-morrow's deliberations is wholly out of the question. The "blundering old fossils" who control the party have made other arrangements, without regard to the wishes of this part of the State. The case might have been different, had the interests of that gentleman been more prudently managed, and with a sincerer good faith, by the noisy and demonstrative, but reckless and inconsiderate clique who have obtruded themselves upon the Democracy of the State as his particular friends. These people have steadily spurned all opportunities to conciliate the leaders of the party, reviling them as blundering old fossils, and never neglecting a chance to make an enemy when they ought to have been recruiting the list of their candidate's friends. From first to last, it has been their game to dragoon the party instead of convincing it—and this bullying policy has failed as was to be expected. We have repeatedly remonstrated with these headstrong mischief-makers, but they seem to have had no more regard for our disinterested advice, than for the substantial interests of their ostensibly favorite candidate. The result is that our worthy Democratic fellow-citizen will be laid out as cold as a wedge by his own "friends." There really does seem to be plausible ground for the current suspicion that their conduct is not to be explained upon any basis of honest faith. This suspicion will become a certainty, if, as is probable, more or less of the CASS delegates shall be detected to-morrow, at Harrisburg, holding their dishes right side up to catch the cash which is to be lavished, it is said, by a wealthy competitor.

THE Philadelphia *North American* says: Pittsburgh has been lately turning her attention to the purchase of lands for a grand public park, and also elaborate arrangements for water works on a great scale, so that her future growth may be anticipated. Petroleum and iron mills make Pittsburgh a very busy and thriving place, though not a very attractive or ornamental one. But its commercial position at the head of the Ohio and the junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers is one of the finest in America. It contains far more wealth and capital than it receives credit for, and is capable of bolder efforts in the way of enterprise and improvements than its people have yet mustered up courage to attempt.

THE NEW fourteen-mile gun, which an Adair county man has invented, and for the patent of which he is going to ask $1,000,000, operates on a principle by which a ball could be sent across the ocean with the same ease that it could be sent fourteen miles: "The wonderful ball of this wonderful gun is to be of seven parts with some six fuses. The powder of the cannon sends the ball humming two miles from the muzzle, lighting fuse No. 1, which burns to the powder in the ball in the time the ball travels two miles, when an explosion takes place, which sends the ball two miles further, when fuse No. 2 does its duty, and propels the ball two miles further—and so on to the end of the fuses and the fourteen miles." Simple as chalk.

IRON ORE IN ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—A few days since Mr. Samuel W. Wickersham discovered a bed of iron ore at a point two miles below Tarentum. It lies near the river, and if the expectations are realized, transportation being so easy and comparatively inexpensive, it will be of immense advantage to Pittsburgh. This ore is said to be the very best, and it is the only bed yet known in this county.—*Republic.*

REV. DR. BUSHNELL calls the woman suffrage reform "an attempt to make trumpets out of flutes, and sunflowers out of violets."

PORTLAND, ME.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PORTLAND, ME., July 9, 1869.

Another summer finds me again enjoying the cool breezes and invigorating atmosphere of New England. Thirty-four hours of travel brought me here. As usual I found the "Railroad Guide" so full of errors as not at all to be relied on. All the way I found long trains of crowded cars and numerous mammoth steamers, filled to overflowing, conveying thousands of weary ones from summer heat and the ordinary routine of cares to the shores and hills of the North and East, to rest from labor. To all, the daily and weekly seasons of rest are not sufficient. Many demand an annual pilgrimage to allow mind and muscle to relax the tension to which they have been strained for continuous months. A change of scene breaks up the trains of thought, dispels cares and gives vigor to mind as well as tone to muscle. Such derive positive benefit from a change of scene and from the ommission of labor for a season.

Others are influenced solely by fashion. To thought and labor they are strangers. Therefore they cannot seek rest from what they never engaged in. To do nothing in some other place or some other way—to see and be seen—or it may be, to court or be courted, may be their object. So far as any good to themselves or others is concerned, it matters little where their aimless and useless lives are passed. They are ever pleasure-seekers and consequently really never pleasure-takers. Death might as well take them on the wing as any where else, as it would never find them in any useful employment. Insipidity, emptyness of mind and folly of heart marks their every movement. They are born, flutter for a moment in the sunshine of pleasure or in the cloud of disappointment, and die. No one can tell what they did or what purpose they served in life.

Portland is beautiful yet, although deprived of most of her wide spreading elms. She has her elegant dwellings, her spacious public edifices, her ocean view, and her Diamond islands. But business is dull. Her Cuba trade, which was large, is gradually diminishing. The reaction arising from the activity in rebuilding after the disastrous fire has commenced. Money is very scarce. The flour dealers have lost heavily the past few months. Ship building is recovering. The trans-continental railroads via Rochester and Portland, two separate routes to California, are matters of the greatest interest here now. The estimated time from Hong Kong to London via Chicago and Portland is thirty-eight days; and from Yokohama to London by the same route is less than thirty-five days. The villages of Boston, New York and Philadelphia will not be considered in this arrangement.

The postoffice, of white marble, beautiful and chaste, has its walls nearly up. The more ornate and elegant custom house, of Concord granite, is also nearly ready for its roof. New church edifices are going up. The high and grammar school buildings are spacious, substantial and tasteful. The collector of the port is one of the universal Washburne family. He held the office under Lincoln and Jehnson, and is sure to hold it under Grant. The family have no special antipathy to office, and he is one of them. They make great demands, and generally have managed to have them granted. A great power has been sent forth from the once humble family in Livermore. Then there goes Hon. Wm. Pitt Fessenden, sauntering along the street with both hands in his pantaloons pockets—his usual habit. To his credit be it said, his official positions have not added at all to his wealth. There, too, goes Gen. Neal Dow, looking every inch the General, as he always did, and a fine looking man he is, but greater in leading on his forces against intemperance than against rebellion, and not as easily captured in the former case as in the latter. Long will his name live as a benefactor to his race. But pompous, nervous, squinting, mean, full of conceit and froth, the defamer of Gen. Dow, the opponent of the temperance movement, the advocate of licensed brothels, the man who wants to preside at all conventions and introduce all the resolutions, who secures a failure to all the enterprises with which he connects himself, who has modestly just published his autobiography justifying his quarrels, magnifying his deeds and proclaiming how much the world is indebted to him for many of its poets, painters and sculptors, who is magnificently great in his own estimation but an infinitesimal quantity in the opinion of those who best know him, is John Neal.

Next week the Young Men's Christian Associations hold their Convention in Portland, and the commencement of Bowdoin College takes place. Of both I hope to chronicle something. S.

Corporal Punishment in the Public Schools—A Substitute for It—Facts and Figures.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The clouds of the dark ages have not been entirely dispelled from the mental sky, and dark shadows still obscure the world of thought. In the past, when ignorance and intolerance prevailed, cruelty, fire and the sword were their offsprings. In this day, if enlightened reason endeavors to teach liberality, tolerance, kindness and mercy, the demons of the dark past rise from their infernal abodes, with diabolical hate, and cry for the faggot and the torch. Venomous as a snake, artful as a wolf in sheep's clothing, and cruel enough to offer a stone for bread, Night enthrones herself upon the ruins of a dark age and commands Light to obey. "And the light shone in darkness and the darkness comprehended it not."

In this progressive age, when philanthropy seeks to prevent cruelty to dumb animals, and would include in that protection the children of the public schools, there are those who oppose a merciful treatment, and insist on the free use of the rod as a necessity in school government; and in support of their views so far pervert the scriptures as to quote the act of the Lord, who made a scourge with small cords and drove the money changers out of the temple for desecration of the holy place. What could that have to do with children chastised in the public schools by inconsiderate teachers? Besides, there is no evidence that the Lord ever *struck* one of the money changers, or any other living being whilst he was on earth. If by the *Divine* presence he created a panic and the offenders ran from the temple, it is nothing more than the *Divine* Providence can create at any time, on any mass of men, and as often happens in armies, when no one can give a reason for the fact. But let no man be guilty of the folly of setting up human wisdom against the Divine wisdom, and think that because the Divine by inscrutable ways brings calamities, or punishments, on persons or nations, that, therefore, human wisdom is capable of punishing school children in accordance with Divine law.

Old rules, habits and practices with some teachers become so fixed that they prefer to adhere to them, rather than take the trouble to adopt new, and to them, untried methods. And unless they are forced by public opinion, or the Directors of the Schools, we may look in vain for reforms.

The parents who send their children to the Public Schools should instruct the Directors to discontinue this relic of barbarism, and institute rules more in harmony with a refined civilization and merciful religion.

But it is asked, What is to be substituted instead of the rod? And, How is discipline to be maintained? These are pertinent questions and experience can answer. In my early school days all the teachers to whom I was sent freely used the rod. Some had disorderly schools, others were under better discipline. In after years it was my fortune to be sent to a Quaker school, or a school taught by "Friends." In that school the *status* of the children was about the same as that in our public schools at this day. There was no punishment inflicted, and yet no school that ever I saw was under as good discipline. Lessons were well learned, attendance was excellent, and very rarely was there a truant. I soon found myself drawing comparisons between the former and the latter systems, and asking why this succeeds and that fails? Does the cause rest within the system, or is it outside of and independent of it? or, a school given, may not any teacher manage it without flogging just as well as with it? Are Quakers really better than other people, or do they use different influences when teaching? Not much. But the secret seemed to be, that they treat every one with respect, and teach a respect for self. No lines of *caste* are drawn. None are humiliated, none are elevated at the expense of others. All are placed on a level, social, friendly, kind, industrious, studious, giving and receiving confidence. Teachers and scholars were as familiar as parents and children in a family of refinement and educational advantages. All this, and more, was apparent in school. This was educating and forming character in a practical manner. Those were school days when the skies were rose colored, and learning was delight, and were in pleasing contrast with the dark days of flogging, pinching, ear boxing, head snapping and hand slapping!

But how can it be done? I have recently received the Annual Report of the Board of Education, city of New York, from which I will give several quotations from the Superintendent's report, showing *how it is done* in that city, where the material in the public schools is certainly no better than our own, and yet the merciful method is a success.

"There is no reason to suppose that the generally excellent order and discipline of the schools has, in any respect, been unfavorably affected by the gradual but rapidly progressing diminution of corporal punishment. In the *fifty* primary departments, the *thirty-six* primary schools and the *nine* schools for colored children, and in nearly half of the boy's department of the grammar schools, this mode of discipline has been *wholly discontinued*. In the female departments, and in the evening schools it is unnecessary to say it has *never found a footing*. The average number of punishments of this nature in the remaining Grammar schools, where it has not yet entirely disappeared, has not, during the past six months, exceeded *fifteen per month*. We may therefore safely congratulate ourselves upon the speedy disappearance from our noble system of public instruction of this antiquated relic of the past age, without the slightest apprehension that its absence will tend to the disorder or neglect of any of the duties of the school. On the other hand, its discontinuance will be found, as it already has been found, to elevate the tone of morals, refine the manners and stimulate the mental energy and ambition of the pupils, by the knowledge that confidence and trust are reposed in them, unalloyed by the apprehension of degrading and humiliating punishments for thoughtless and occasional aberrations." (*"Randall."*)

"The female grammar schools have been uniformly noted for the perfection with which their pupils are *controlled* by *incentives* which have no reference whatever to physical coercion. In these schools the *penalties* imposed are *demerit marks, diminished standing* in class, with occasional detention after school, while the incentives to well-doing are certificates of merit, promotion, and such other appeals to the law of emulation as seem judicious and appropriate. The love of distinction and approbation is not, however, the only element of character appealed to, for many satisfactory indications exist that the sense of duty and right, and the monitions of conscience, are made to perform a very important part in this beautiful system of disciplinary training, as the pupils advance in maturity of age and character.

"In the male grammar schools the resort to corporal punishment has been very considerably diminished; and in some of the largest schools this species of coercion has been abandoned altogether, reliance being placed upon such incentives as are found effectual in the girls' schools, with, occasionally, expulsion from school. The schools in which this mode of discipline prevails, compare favorably to appearance with those in which there is a resort to corporal punishment; which fact certainly presents the *strongest argument* possible for the *entire abrogation* of physical punishment in the schools, its infliction, however necessary to the individual pupil, being always an odious and unthankful task to the teacher, as well as shocking to the sensibilities of the better class of pupils who need no such means to obtain a compliance on their part, with the necessary regulations of discipline."

(*Kiddle, Assistant Supt.*)

A similar system to that above described has prevailed in the old Sixth Ward of this city for more than two years past, with very satisfactory results. Time it is hoped will perfect the system now in use. *Suspensions* and *reprimands* by the Principal are the severest coercive measures used. The schools are certainly as well managed as before. The attendance has improved, and the truancies diminished, as shown by the annexed tabular report covering the last five school years ending June 30:

The attendance is the average for the whole year and embraces all the scholars and shows the per centage. The truancies is the whole number for each year. The disuse of corporal punishment commenced March 1st, 1867, before which date there were no suspensions:

June.	June.	Per cent. Attendance.	Truancies.	Suspensions.
1864 to	1865	78	59	
1865 "	1866	79 1-2	58	
1866 "	1867	82 1-2	52	
1867 "	1868	84 6-10	24	42
1868 "	1869	86	34	17

These facts need no comment. And it only requires a fair trial of the system to prove its greater utility.

SCHOOL DIRECTOR.

Underground Railways in London.

The Metropolitan Underground Railway was commenced in 1859, and completed for a distance of three and one half miles in January, 1863. Another mile was completed during the past year. It commences at the Great Western Railway Depot, Paddington, and brings up after forming junctions with several other roads at the station at Cow Cross, and thence to its terminus at Finsbury Circus, a short distance in rear of the Bank of England. Up to Kings Cross, which is two-thirds of the whole distance, the line is in tunnel, but here open cutting commences, and with the exception of about six hundred yards of covered way beneath Bagnigge Wells Road and Coppice Row, continues to the station at Cow Cross. The steepest gradient on the line is 52:8 per mile, and the sharpest curve is 600 feet radius. Throughout the whole length there is not more than 1,600 yards of straight line, and the distance between the termini is increased about three-fourths of a mile over an air line. In some portions the crown of the arch is only a few feet below the surface of the ground, but at others the depth becomes much greater, the rails being sometimes at a depth of 54 feet. On the first 3¾ miles there are seven stations, five of them have roofs open to the air; the other two, being immediately beneath the streets, are necessarily arched, and are approached, lighted, and ventilated from the sides. The running time is 18 minutes, or at the rate of 11¼ miles an hour. The fares are 6d., 4d., and 3d. for the first, second, and third-class passengers respectively, and for return tickets 9d., 6d., and 5d. The amount expended on the whole work, by the last report of the company, is £2,806,184, or nearly equal to $3,000,000 per mile. The number of passengers carried for the first six months of the present year was 10,503,395. The stock sells at 25 to 30 per cent. advance upon par.

A STOREKEEPER, a Western paper relates, of New Albany, who had become involved, closed his store and put a placard on the door bearing the words, "Taking stock." The next day it was discovered that he had been "taking stock," as the goods had all been removed during the night and the merchant had left for parts unknown.

IN PARIS, "low shoes" are coming in fashion for ladies, of the same color as the stocking, and the stocking the same color as the dress; also the ladies are universally adorned with the large "sailor collars."

"WHAT does the poor Duke of Newcastle live on now?" asked a lady of her witty partner the other day. "Why, Hope, to be sure," was the answer.—*Tomahawk.*

TRUSSES AND HERNIA.

The sad and deplorable condition of many who are afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels, calls loudly for some efficient and unmistakable remedy that will not only in every case give efficient relief, but in many cases effect a radical and thorough cure. These cases of hernia have become so frequent that it is computed that one-sixth of the male population are said to be troubled, in some way or another, with this terrible ailment; and in very many cases do not know where to apply for an appropriate remedy, oftentimes not knowing whether an appliance is really needed or not; and if it should be needed, they often do not know where or to whom they should make application. The world is full of trusses for the retention and cure of this lamentable evil, oftentimes an inconsestible proof of their total and inadequate fitness to relieve the sufferer. This need not be: DR. KEYSER, at his new medicine store, No. 167 Liberty street, is abundantly supplied with every appliance needful to the retention and relief of this terrible affliction, so that every one can be properly fitted, at a moderate cost, with the full assurance that the appliance is the best that the mechanical department of surgery can afford. The Doctor has pursued the investigation of hernia with more than ordinary care for over thirty years, so that the afflicted can place implicit reliance in his skill and integrity, with the full assurance that they will not only get the best truss suitable to the case, but likewise a thorough and efficient knowledge of its proper application.

There are many persons who not only sacrifice their health, but even their lives, for want of a proper truss, or a truss properly applied. Strangulated and irreduceable rupture is a far more common ailment now than in former years; and may we not justly arrive at the conclusion that its frequency is often occasioned by the neglect and carelessness of the sufferers themselves. No one would be regarded as sane or excusable who would go for a whole winter without the proper clothing to shield them from the inclement weather, but, at the same time, it is thought a light affair to suffer with a protrusion such as rupture that not only subjects the person to inconvenience, but even places life itself in jeopardy. Those of our readers who may be so unfortunate as to need appliances of this kind cannot act more wisely than to cut this advertisement and preserve it, so as to enable them to remember the place where such important preservers of life and health are to be procured.

DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, No. 167 Liberty street, two doors from Sixth. CONSULTATION ROOMS, 120 Penn street, from 1 until 4 P. M.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OF HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

W. H. Reese, a leading druggist in Monticello, Ill., in a letter of June 6, 1868, writes to this effect: "Having sold Hostetter's Bitters for the past four years, I cannot but speak of the article as being the best tonic and appetizer extant. During the ague season of 1865-6, I could not keep a sufficient stock on hand to supply my customers. In fact, your Bitters was as staple as quinine. I learn that physicians prescribe it all over the country. Indeed, a great many families think they are not safe without your valuable tonic."

J. K. Witherspoon, Esq., a magistrate of Kernshaw county, S. C., states, under date of April 13, 1868 that he has used the Bitters constantly in his own family for the previous two years. He first tried the preparation when suffering from exhaustion, produced by severe attack of fever. Before the first bottle was finished he experienced a remarkable change for the better. He had tried brandy at the outset, but found that it did him more harm than good. In one month from the time he commenced using the Bitters his health, strength and appetite were restored. He had recommended the article to others in like circumstances, and never known it to fail, and had found it a perfect specific for chills and fever.

Mr. Samuel Young, of Clarion, Pa., under date of April 6, 1868, certifies that he was completely cured of "one of the most distressing attacks of dyspepsia that ever afflicted any mortal," by three bottles of the Bitters, after "various other remedies had proved powerless." Restored to perfect health, he thanks "that excellent preparation for the result."

Dr. G. M. Spencer, of Brush Creek, Perry Co., Ala., writing thence Feb. 8, 1868, says: "I have used your Stomach Bitters for several years in my practice, and find them superior to most of the Bitters now prescribed by the profession generally."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ALLEGHENY CEMETERY.

—The Corporators and Managers of Allegheny Cemetery are requested to attend their annual meeting at the office of the Corporation on SATURDAY, the 17th day of July, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M. By order of the President,

SAMUEL GORMLY.

JULY 12th, 1869. jy13:m11

☞DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO., July 12th, 1869.

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share of the Capital Stock payable on demand at the office of the Company.

jy13:m10 W. H. McCLELLAND, Treas'r.

☞TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The Allegheny Temperance League will meet THIS EVENING, AT 7½ O'CLOCK, In the Rev. John McMillan's Church, Sandusky street. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. J. Y. Kennedy, of Pittsburgh, and S. D. Foster, Esq., of the State of Maine. Good speaking may be expected. jy11:m31

☞I. O. O. F.

REBEKAH PIC-NIC,

TO BE HELD ON

Thursday, July 15, at McKee's Rocks,

By the Rebekah members of MANCHESTER LODGE, No. 403. A general invitation is extended to the members of the Order and to those friendly to the cause. The large and commodious steamer Excelsior will leave the foot of Locust street, Manchester, at 9 o'clock A. M. and at 12½ P. M. Tickets can be procured of the Committee or on the grounds at $1.00. jy13:m12

ALLEGHENY SUSPENSION BRIDGE.

Will be added to the list of valuable stocks to be sold THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, July 13th, at 8 o'clock, on second door of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

10 shares Allegheny Suspension Bridge.

jy13 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that an application has been made in the Court of Common Pleas for Allegheny county for the granting of a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION to the THIRD NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF BIRMINGHAM and if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of Court.

BY THE COURT.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

jy13:m13-T

ASSIGNEE'S SALE of 15 Acres, Pennsylvania Avenue, opposite McFarland's Grove.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July 17th, at 4 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, by order of Joan M. Kennedy and John G. MacConnell, Assignees in Bankruptcy of Michael O'Hara, that valuable property in the City of Pittsburgh, formerly Liberty township, and fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, opposite McFarland's Grove, containing 14 acres and 150 perches, beautifully located and commanding handsome views of the valley and surrounding villas.

TERMS OF SALE—Sold subject to a mortgage of $13 447.92, balance cash.

jy13 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

SUMMER READING.

Walter Savage Landor. A biography by John Forster	$3 50
Credo. This volume is devoted to those inquiries which now agitate the thinking world	1 50
Mopsa the Fairy. By Jean Ingelow	1 25
John Neal's Autobiography	2 00
Waverley Novels. Library edition, 25 vols., green cloth, in case. Price reduced to	25 00
Thackeray's Novels. New edition, green cloth, each	1 25
Madame Sherer, the Conscript; Waterloo; historical Novels from the French of Erckmann-Chatrain; each	1 50
Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks	1 50
On the Wing. A book for sportsmen	2 50
Fun, Rod and Saddle	2 00
Vista on the Rhine, complete	4 00
An American Woman in Europe. By Mrs. Urbino	1 50
Lamps, Pitchers and Trumpets	1 75
Oldtown Folks. By Mrs. Stowe	2 00
Little Women 2 vols, each	1 50
Men of our Times. By Harriet Beecher Stowe	3 50
Beyond the Mississippi	4 00
Kane's Arctic Explorations. New edition	4 50
Five Acres Too Much	1 60
The New West. By Brace	1 75
The Habermeister, from the German of Schmid	1 50
Life of Audubon, the Naturalist. Edited by his widow	2 50
Foster's Mississippi Valley	3 50
Tribune Essays	2 00
Norma Leslie. A New York story	1 75

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,

jy10 119 Wood street.

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at

S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $2 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.

And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as We have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

jy10:TU-8

NEW BOOKS.

Patty Gray's Journey from Boston to Baltimore	$1.25
The Hand of Jesus	1.25
Behind the Curtain	1.50
Credo	1.50
An American Woman in Europe	1.50
Pearl Series for Girls, 6 volumes in a box	3.00
" " Boys, " " "	3.00
The Woodburn Series, 3 volumes in a box	3.75
Corwin's Nest Series, 3 volumes in a box,	2.25

Sabbath Songs for Children's Worship. Paper, 40 cents; Board, 50 cents each.

AT THE

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

129 Smithfield Street.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.

jy10:STTH

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

J. K. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS;

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns. done

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 12, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Western to South Avenues. Also the assessment for Grading of FRAZIER STREET from Western to Ohio Avenues, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer, until July 20th, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,

jy13:m15 CITY ENGINEER.

FARMERS AND THRESHERS,

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,

And buy the best machines built or sold in the State of Pennsylvania, at greatly reduced prices and on accommodating terms, at the West Middletown Agricultural Works. Four Horse Threshing Machines: Improved Threshing and Cleaning Machines, 30 and 32 inch cylinder, with many improvements, built on truck wagons or without, as the purchaser may desire. Also, with or without Chaff and Straw Stacker Machines built of the very best of material, and will last at least twice as long as the Ohio machines; will thresh more grain and deliver it in better condition, with a great saving of horse power, over any other machine built or sold in the State of Pennsylvania. Also, improved 8 and 10 horse powers.

R. B. M'CLURE.
West Middletown, Pa.

jy12:m7-T

SUMMER GOODS

AT

REDUCED RATES.

Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in

Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,

SELLING AT HALF PRICE.

COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,

All at Very Low Prices.

COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)

FRINGES, BUTTONS, EMBROIDERIES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,

78 & 80 Market Street.

jy10

GREAT REDUCTIONS

IN

Straw and Millinery

GOODS.

HAIR, GIMP AND BRAID HATS AND BONNETS.
FRENCH FLOWERS,
CRAPES, ILLUSIONS,
LACES, FRAMES, &c., &c.

At Very Low Prices.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
STAR SHIRTS,
SUSPENDERS,
NECK WEAR,
HOSIERY,
LADIES FINE COTTON, BALBRIGGAN, LISLE and SILK HOSE,
GENTS SUPERFINE AND FANCY HALF HOSE,
FINE SILK FANS,
PALM AND LINEN FANS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BOULEVARDE AND WHITE SKIRTS,
WHITE GOODS,
ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
PIQUE HATS, something new,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, LACE GOODS,
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

jy12

KISHOCOQUILLAS SEMINARY,

FOR BOTH SEXES.

This institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishocoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people. Surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the freshest mountain air the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and higher Mathematics. A lady from Massachusetts, of superior qualifications will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham, from Washington county, Pa., has charge of instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200.00.

For Catalogue, address

MARTIN MOHLER, A. M., Principal,

KISHOCOQUILLAS, MIFFLIN CO., Pa.

Refer to Rev. O. O. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.

je15:k40-T&T

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL

FOR

YOUNG LADIES.

EILDON SEMINARY,

North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.

Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open

SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,

At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Rooom, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:k80

10.e23

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

NEW STOCK OF

Nainsook Muslins.
Jaconet Muslins.
White Marseilles,
Swiss Muslins,

AT 25 CENTS.

Fine, Plain, Striped and Plaid NAINSOOK MUSLIN.

AT 22 CENTS.

WHITE MARSEILLES.

AT 37½ CENTS.

Fine White Marseilles,

AN EXTRA BARGAIN.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

SQUARE AND LONG

Black Thibet Shawls.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

Fine Black Mohair Alpacas

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

New Ribbons and Flowers,

HATS AND SUNDOWNS.

Making our stock full and complete.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN.

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Chevoit Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET,

LATE ST. CLAIR.

jy1:150

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Io Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hirrel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.

j10-d43

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Alleghedy City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

myl1:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

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S. M. KIER & CO.,

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QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

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☞ All orders promptly attended to.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

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Sheeting Muslins,
Pillow Case Muslin,
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Table Linen,
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Towels,
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Wool Table Covers,
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Linen and Cotton Diaper,
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AT

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No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

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I have this day associated with me in the Hat, Cap and Fur Business, Messrs. JOHN W. OGLEVEE and JOHN G. BENNETT. The business will be conducted as heretofore at the old established stand, No. 139 WOOD STREET, under the firm name of

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WM. FLEMING & CO.,

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AND

STRAW GOODS,

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jy5

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No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

my8:198

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Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

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my6:177-THS&T

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MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

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FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NAGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE.— FARM.—The cheapest farm in Armstrong county, Pa., 100 acres for $4,000 on easy terms. Splendid buildings and orchard. No. 1 land, all tillable. The improvements are worth the price of the entire property. There is at least $500 of a bargain in it at the above price. We have seen the property and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New and Profitable ENTERPRISE; can have no opposition; covered by a patent; now in successful operation. Will take in exchange for one-half, wood land; balance in cash. Whole price not over $6,000. Reasons for selling, the owner wishes to leave the city. For particulars, enquire of E. W. McGINNISS, No. 125 Liberty street, near Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Resi- DENCE, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—SALT WORKS. DWELLINGS AND FIFTY ACRES OF LAND ON WEST PENNA. R. R.—The works are now in successful operation. The land is underlaid with coal, now open and mined, and would make a splendid vineyard; best of salt water at the works. There is money in this property. The owner would not sell were he able to attend to it. Railroad runs through the land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME. —A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL,

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FOR SALE.

Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.

Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.

Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.

Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.

Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.

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Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.

20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

325 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.

20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of

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jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 13 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece.

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as Book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McELHENY. jy9:196

FOR SALE.

13 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

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Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 1250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE,

Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je29

FOR SALE.—A new 7 octave H. GALE PIANO FORTE. Price $275 Address J. N., THIS OFFICE.

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SUMMER GOODS,

AT

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Fast Colored Lawns at	12½ Cents per Yard.
Fast Colored Calico at	9 Cents Per Yard.
French Chintz at 25	Cents per Yard.
Wash Poplins at 18¾	Cents per Yard.
Fine Dress Goods at	25 Cents per Yard.
Fine Double Width Dress Goods, at 30 Cents.	

SHAWLS, CLOAKS, SUITS AND LACE MANTLES REDUCED.

Great Bargains in Housekeeping Goods.

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59 MARKET STREET.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN

GOODS,

AT

BARKER & CO'S.,

20 ST. CLAIR STREET.

jy10 (LATE ST. CLAIR.)

☞ *NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

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WANTED.—SITUATION—By a Young Girl to do light housework in a small family, in or out of the city. Wanted morn for a home than anything else. Address A. D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent of common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

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WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

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WANTED.—A FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM, within twenty minutes walk of Pittsburgh Postoffice. Address, stating terms and location, J. J. N., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

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WANTED.—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL to do general housework for a small family. Apply at No. 65 BEAVER ST., Allegheny.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM- PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

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CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

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MR. W. M. BURNS, Proprietor of the popular Eating House, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield streets, begs leave to announce to his numerous friends that none but the male sex will be allowed to dine at his tables, he having thrown his entire rooms into one. Dinner, Supper and Breakfast served at this house lower than at any other house of its reputation in the city. Call at Burns' and get plenty to eat for a small amount of money.

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TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Photograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
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The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

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Dealers in Government Bonds,

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 12, 1869.

To-day the first movement in gold began, opening at 136¼, and gradually selling up to 137. The increased shipments of coin, and the scarcity of bonds in the market available for shipment, may lead to larger shipments than was generally estimated.

Government bonds made a big jump to-day, and new bonds are now equal to the old bonds, because they are quoted at the European Stock Exchange, where the very large amount held there, necessitated this measure.

So long as the Government will buy bonds regardless of price, bonds will tend upward, but so soon as a reaction sets in, large lots may be expected in the market which were still held back for speculation.

The ease of money for call loans gave a new impetus to stocks speculation, and a rise of three to four per cent. was the result. A reaction may be looked for on Wednesday, in the ordinary course of speculation. Express stocks advanced likewise, but did not come up to the price ranging a few days ago.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137; Silver, 129; Eighty-one's, 120⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 123; do 1864, 121⅛; do 1865, 121¼; do 1865, Consols, 120⅝; do 1867, 120⅛; do 1868, 120; Ten Forties, 109½; New York Central, 99⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 93¾ Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 53⅛, ex. div; Ohio & Mississippi, 32½; Michigan Southern, 106¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 109; Chicago & Rock Island, 118¼; Chicago & North Western, 82; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95⅞; Adams Express Company, 59; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, 89¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37⅝; Am. W. Express, 41.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 136¾; United States Sixes, 1881, 120⅝; Five-Twenties, 1862, 123; do. 1864, 121¼; do. 1865, 121⅛; Ten-Forties, 97⅛; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 120¼; do. do. 1867, 130⅛; do. do, 1868, 120; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 106; Lake Superior 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 12, 1869.

The announcement of further purchases of bonds by the government during the month has caused a greater ease in money, and the rates to-day ruled at 7 per cent. currency, with some exceptions at 6. The supply of money is ample and all the financial circles were more buoyant to-day. Sterling firm at 9¾@10. Gold has been firmer, opening at 136½, declining to 136⅜, then steadily advancing and closing active at 136⅝. The purchases of bonds by the Government for the rest of the month will be as follows: July 14th, three millions; 15th, one million; 21st, three millions; 28th, three millions; 29th, one million; total for the month, eleven millions.

Governments active and firmer, with an advance on the whole list of from 1 to 2¼ per cent. The prices closed as follows: Coupons '81, 120¾; do. '62, 123; do. '64, 121½; do. '65, 121¾; new do., 120⅝; do. '67, 120⅝; do. '68, 120⅛; 10-40's, 110; Pacifics, 107¾.

State Bonds are steady, with some speculation in North Carolinas; the prices closed as follows: Tennessees, 55¼; Virginias, 61½; North Carolinas, 45; Missouris, 87⅝; South Carolinas, 62. Express shares dull.

Railways active and higher, the principal transactions being in New York Central, Hudson, Harlem, St. Paul and Michigan Southern.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 62; Cumberland, 31⅞; Western Union Telegraph, 37½; Quicksilver, 15⅝; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 15½; Pacific Mail, 89¾; Boston Water, 15½; Wells & Fargo, 22½; Adams Express, 59; American, 42; United States, 71½; New York Central, 199⅝; Harlem, 143½; Hudson, 169¼; Reading, 94⅜; Erie, 28¼; Michigan Central, 132½; Michigan Southern, 107; Illinois Central, 143½; Pittsburgh, 109; Northwestern, 82; do. preferred, 95⅞; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 75; Rock Island, 118¼; St. Paul, 77½; do. preferred, 87¾; Wabash, 73¼; Fort Wayne, 154; Terre Haute, 54½; do. preferred, 78; Chicago and Alton, 150; do. preferred, —; Ohio and Mississippi, 32⅝; St. Joseph, 118½.

Coin disbursements, $697,370.

Sub-Treasury receipts, $2,063,720; payments, $5,087,385; balance, $94,186,114.

The steamer for Hamburg to-morrow will take a quarter million of specie.

Mining stocks at Boston: Calumut, 50; Copper Falls, 7; Hecla, 80; Hancock, 2; Minnesota, 21; Quincy, 25.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 12, 1869.

The harvest and its progress and prospects, is being watched with great interest and considerable anxiety, as upon its result hangs mainly the future course of trade. Our advices, we are glad to state, from almost every direction, are very encouraging, and that there will be a big yield of Wheat is reduced almost to a certainty. Already the crop in the South has been secured, as well as in most of the Southwest, and with another week or two of good weather, the crop throughout the entire country will be housed. In this connection we clip the following from the St. Louis *Democrat*:

The wheat harvest of 1869 is said to be the largest by all odds ever reaped on this continent. Throughout those portions of the West where the growing of of fall wheat is made a speciality the grain is all down, or principally all down, and though there has been a deal of wet, disagreeable weather, yet but little damage has come to the crop. Of course some fields have been entirely ruined from lack of adequate help and energy to take advantage of the few sunny days to dry it. But realizing the importance of saving their wheat, most farmers improved every "shining hour" in breaking open "shocks," scattering out the bundles and stirring them about to be dried. Though a good deal of trouble and expense was entailed upon our farmers, there has very little, comparatively, of the wheat crop actually spoiled.

A gentleman who has traveled through Iowa telegraphs, under date of July 6th, that the State has the appearance of one vast sea of golden grain.

APPLES—Sales of new crop at $3@4 per bbl. as to quality.

BUTTER—Quiet and unchanged, ranging from 20@25, as to quality.

BEANS—Dull at $1,75@2.

CHEESE—Market dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand; sales of Ohio at 15@18.

CARBON OIL—Quiet; may be quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30, for standard brands.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull. Peaches nominal at 9@10 for quarters; 12@14 for mixed, and 16 for prime halves. Apples 10@13 cts.

EGGS—Steady at 20@21.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market is firm but quiet, with no perceptible improvement to note in the demand. The receipts continue light, and while the stock is pretty well run down, it is nevertheless fully up to present requirements. We continue to quote Western flour at $6,25@6,75 for spring, and $7@7,25 for winter.

GRAIN—Wheat is in fair milling demand, and prime Red sells at $1,40. Rye, also, is in steady demand, with small sales at $1,25, and car load lots at $1,30. Oats firm, though as yet, dealers have been unable to establish an advance; may be quoted at 66@67c on track, and 68@70c in store. Corn is scarce and firm, but unchanged; 80 for mixed, and 83@85 for prime yellow.

HAY—Market quiet and unchanged.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1.75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at $1,18@1,20 nd No. 1 at $1,48@1,50

PROVISIONS — Shoulders, 14¾@15 Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17½@18¾; Plain Hams, 18½@18¾; Plain Sugar Cured, 20 Canvassed, 21½@22, Dried Beef, 21@21½ Lard in tierces 20, in kegs and pails 21 Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

POTATOES—Sales new crop at $3,00@$3,50 per bbl. and old at 40@45 cts per bushel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by car the load, at $1,75@1,80.

SEED—There is some inquiry for Flax seed and none in market. No demand for Clover or Timothy.

WOOL MARKET.

The market is without any materia change since our last, owing to th harvest, but few lots are brought in th city. Reports in eastern papers an circulars, state that owing to the strin gent money market, some orders hav been withdrawn. The low and mediun wools have been nearly all sold out o first hands. Fine wools have been sol to a considerable extent, in Ohio, Mich gan and other Western States, at price averaging from 37 to 45c.

The Boston *Bulletin* states that "a the West the marketing of the new clip has been suddenly brought to stand by the stringency of the easter money market, which has compelle most of our dealers and commissio merchants to shut down in sight draft and to instruct their country agent to stop buying and consigning. Th peremptory movement will doubtles have a good effect upon the wester trade, which was being prosecuted in manner alike injurious to the interes of dealers and manufacturers. W quote fine wool 40@43c; extra clips 4 coarse fleece and tub washed 42@45.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The market generally inactive, yet steady and firm for all descriptions of staple cotton Heavy woolens moving slowly at lo rates. Repellants in request and com mand good prices, say $1,00@1,35 fo popular makes.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—Flour dull, bu unchanged, with sales family at $6@6,2 Wheat dull; red at $1,35@1,40. Corn un changed and in demand; ear at 75@77 Oats scarce and firm at 72@75c. Ry dull at $1,15. Barley dull and lowe with sales new at $1,10. Cotton un changed; middlings at 33c. Tobacco firm and in good demand at full prices. Whi ky higher, closing at 98c@$1; not muc offering. Provisions quiet but firm Mess Pork held at $33, but there is n much demand and $32,50 is the ra offered. Bulk Meats firmer; shoulde at 12¾@13c, and sides at 15¾c. Bacc at 14@17½@18c; the demand is qui light. Lard held at 19c. but 100 tierce sold at 18¾c. Butter firmer at 23@28 Eggs at 17@18c. Cheese dull at 13@16 Linseed Oil dull at 10@10½. Lard O dull at $1,37@1,40. Petroleum at 27@3 for refined. Sugar in good demand an market firmer, with sales 260 hhds Ne Orleans at 13½@15½c. Coffee steady 21@26c. Gold at 136¼, buying. Mone market easier at 8@10 per cent. F change firmer at par, buying.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Making Sweet Pickles.—To the numerous receipts already published on this subject, we add the following: Cut the tomatoes through, or, if large, slice in three; let them stand in brine over night. To a quart of vinegar three pounds of sugar; in this vinegar cook the tomatoes until a fork can easily be passed through them. As fast as they are cooked, take them out with a fork and lay them down in a jar—say two or three layers of tomatoes; sprinkle pulverized cinnamon and cloves, and a thin layer of sugar; then alternately tomatoes, spices and sugar, cooking all the tomatoes in the same vinegar; if necessary, add more sugar and vinegar. When the jar is filled, cover the tomatoes with good cider vinegar cold, throwing away the vinegar in which the tomatoes were cooked. Lay some horse-radish root over the top of the pickles, and put a weight on to keep them covered. This recipe is equally good for ripe cucumbers. I have tested it for the past two years, and found no trouble in keeping good pickles.

Pare clingstone peaches, just ripe. To 4 lbs. of fruit allow 3 lbs. sugar, ½ pint cider vinegar, 1 tablespoonful cinnamon, and 1 of cloves, tied in a thin rag. Use a porcelain kettle. Boil the vinegar, sugar and spice until the sugar is melted; then add the fruit and boil until tender. Remove the fruit with a skimmer, and boil the liquor to a thick syrup; return the fruit and simmer until done; pour out and let stand till cool; then seal up tight, removing the spice. If they do not keep and are not excellent, it will not be the fault of the receipe, for I have had my fruit keep two years or more and be as good as when first put up. The same receipe answers for quinces, pears and cherries—quinces and pears to be first boiled tender in water.

Training Tomato Vines.—A neighbor lady last year trained her tomatoes up small poles—bean poles—over six feet high, reaching out above the poles. This case is a practical demonstration of the success that may attend this method of training. If I had not seen with my own eyes I could hardly credit a truthful account of it. The poles were set before the plants were, and when the latter began to grow the leading shoot was only retained, all others being kept off through the season. As it increased in length, it was tied to the pole with common wool twine from time to time—simply a vine like a morning glory or a honeysuckle.

The fruit, of course, set first at the lower end of the vine, and as the season advanced, higher up, until now there is fruit that bids fair to ripen at the top of the poles. There it hung in beautiful clusters, easy accessible, with no obstruction whatever, and no fruit rotting under a swamp of vines where the sun could not touch it. This is all open to the light and heat of the sun and to the wind. The plant, in short, has a fair chance given it to develop itself, and it was ready and glad to avail itself of the privilege. If there is a worm on the vines, he can not hide away, but can easily be found and destroyed; and the ground can be worked and the weeds kept down through the whole season as easily as among corn. The grower is "mistress of the situation," and she feels it, and the pleasure and profit derived are thereby enhanced.

The plants may be set in rows four feet apart in the row. They will bear to be set closer than this, but there will be less freedom of movement for the hoeing, tying, etc. Try it reader; it is as cheap as the common trellis—yes, cheaper; it is easy, certain, will ripen fruit some earlier and give you more of it, of good quality, from the same areas—in a word, will please you.—*Journal of Agricultural.*

Sheep After Shearing.—After a sheep has lost its fleece, the skin becomes very sensative to the heat of the searching sun, or the chill of a cold storm. To be convinced of this, and the importance of making some extra exertion for the comfort of the animals, it is only necessary to visit the field where the flock is kept, when the day is hot or immoderately cold, and witness the discomfort manifested. In either case the sheep will be found seeking shelter, panting or shivering, and of course suffering severely.

Probably the most economical mode of protecting the flock is to turn them into the woods, or into a field a part of which is covered with forest trees. Here, in a hot day they are shielded from the sun, and in a cold storm get some protection. It is better, however, when a cold storm approaches, to drive the flock up, and keep them in the barn until the weather is suitable for them to go out again.

It will be remembered that but a few years ago, thousands of sheep were killed in Northern Ohio, by a cold storm some time in June. Farmers at that time who thoughtful enough to care for their flocks, saved them, and the lesson learned then should be remembered. It is not frequent that we have summer storms severe enough to kill sheep outright, unless, perhaps, it be a few old "pelters," yet that is no argument against giving them protection, for when an animal suffers from any cause, it declines in flesh and strength.

At this season it is particulary important that ewes with limbs be given all the advantage possible, for they have two lives to support, and the draft upon their systems is heavy enough, without being subjected to endurance which might, with care, be averted.—*Ohio Farmer.*

Profits of Farming.—No small experience and some observation convinces me that, circumstances being equal, farming will furnish a compensation for labor, as ample a dividend upon capital invested, as the common trades which men invest in, and even the ordinary pursuits of mercantile and commercial life. Of course I except all extraordinary cases of good fortune, and all matter of gambling and speculation. The returns of most crops strike one sometimes with astonishment, and would, if taken as a test, lead to most delusive speculations. A grain of seed sometimes returns one hundred fold! and this being sown a second year, would perhaps give ten thousand fold, and so on in geometrical ratio. Seventy bushels of potatoes planted will yield four hundred, or twenty for one; a bushel of wheat sown will yield thirty; or thirty for one; a peck of corn planted will yield sixty bushels, or two hundred and forty for one; a pound of carrot, beet, or ruta baga seed will produce six to nine hundred bushels, worth one hundred dollars.

The proceeds in these cases seem to be enormous, yet they are constantly realized, and that, too, in many cases at comparatively small expense. But no confident conclusions of the exact profits of farming are to be drawn from such results as these; so many untold circumstances of abatement enter into the cost, that if these were the only elements given in the case, the solution of the problem would give the most erroneous and deceptive results.

We are not to look to agriculture for any extraordinary or sudden gains, as, for example, the drawing of a prize in a lottery, or a shrewd speculation in stocks.

If we take ten merchants with a hired amount of capital, we will find that, at the end of twenty years, the farmers have the greatest increase of capital, and that the increase is more evenly divided among them than among the merchants. Farming is also far safer and more certain to secure a competenly than mercantile pursuits. I venture to say that twenty merchants fail in business to one farmer, and this ought to open the eyes of young men with small capital going into business.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

How to Make Farming Pay.—We find the following extract, in a lecture given by Wm. Clitt, Esq., before the Massachusetts Board of Agriculture:

"If a man wants to succeed in his business he must have faith in it as a business that will sustain him and provide for his old age, and afford a comfortable support for his family. That is what we want to see among farmers. When the man who drives down a stake feels that it is driven for life, when he feels that every tree he plants is to be a strong bond to bind him to that spot for life, he will thrive by farming; and when farmers do this they will show to the world that they have faith in their business, and they will be ready to make investments in it, just as the merchant makes investments in his business. The merchant is not afraid to make ventures. When he sees an opportunity for profit he is ready to invest his money in order to secure it. It is not so with the farmer. He is afraid to put any money in the business which he understands best, and which he ought to make pay seven per cent.

Then we want, not only more faith, but more knowledge, in order to make farming more profitable. We want a cheap diffusion of agricultural papers and books. It may be said that we have already enough of these—and certainly the increase of agricultural papers has been wonderful during the last ten or fifteen years; and I suppose it may be said that not one farmer in ten takes an agricultural paper, or knows anything of what is going on in the agricultural world. The man who takes an agricultural paper knows about the new apples and the new grapes, and the market price of his own products, and it will be difficult to cheat him. He can get the full value of his crops, because he knows what is going on and what they are worth. But, outside of those who take the papers, and are posted, the great mass do not understand these things. They have not the requisite knowledge to dispose of their crops to the best advantage. They do not know how to raise them at a profit. The great mass of our farmers keep no farming accounts, and do not know whether they are farming at a loss or gain at the end of the year. They have not their business in hand as the merchant has. They do not take an account of stock once a year, and they are not able to determine, when the first of January comes, whether their operations have been profitably carried on or carried on at a loss. I say that is the way most farmers live. They do not keep accounts.

Watering Plants in Summer.—It is not wise to begin to water plants in the garden, unless it is intended to follow it up thoroughly. If plants in the open ground are watered, they throw out their little roots near the surface in order to drink in the moisture, and if afterwards the watering be neglected, these little fibrous roots perish for lack of moisture, and the plant suffers. When they are not watered at all, the little roots go down deeper in search of moisture, and in well cultivated soil, in good condition, they will usually find enough to keep them from suffering, unless the drouth continue unusually long. If it seem necessary to give water, it should be given copiously in quantity, sufficient to go down to the bottom of the roots; a sprinkling that merely wets the surface is worse than none. Syringing the leaves to wash off the dust, if done in the evening after the sun is down, will improve the appearance and health of the plants.—*New England Homestead.*

To Make Cuttings Grow.—I used to have a great deal of trouble to make currant and gooseberry cuttings or slips grow, until I tried the following plan: I boiled some potatoes until they were nearly done, and then stuck one on each slip and put in the ground. Every slip sprouted and grew well all summer, with but one or two exceptions. The idea of putting the boiled potatoes to the end of the cuttings was to furnish and keep moisture enough for them to grow, until the roots became large enough to gather this moisture and substance from the soil. I never tried it on grape cuttings, but do not see any reason why it would not do as well with grapes as with anything else.

To Keep the Bugs Away.—Protect your melon, squash and cucumber vines thus: Take sticks four inches long and one-half inch in diameter—pine is best. Wrap one inch of one end in a piece of cotton or linen. Dip this in turpentine, and stick one or two in each hill, leaving only the wrapped part above ground. The odor of the turpentine does the business. "I have tried this for four years," says a correspondent of an exchange paper, "with uniform success."

Preserving Eggs.—A Parisian paper recommends the following method for the preservation of eggs: Dissolve four ounces of beeswax in eight ounces of warm olive oil, in this put the tip of the finger and annoint the egg all around. The oil will immediately be absorbed by the shell and the pores filled up by the wax. If kept in a cool place, the eggs, after two years, will be as good as if fresh laid.

A HOG, says the *Rural World*, does not sweat like a horse or man, but through the fore-leg. There is a spot on each leg, just below the knee, in the form of a sieve. Through this the sweat passes off, and it is necessary that this be kept open. If it gets closed, as is sometimes the case, the hog will get sick; he will appear stiff and cramped, and unless he gets relief it will go hard with him. To cure him, just open the pores. This is done by rubbing the spot with a corn cob, and washing with warm water.

THE wheat harvest in Illinois is much impeded by the scarcity of laborers. Three dollars per day and board is paid, and some farmers are offering $3,50. The wheat will all be cut in a day or two.

NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are now to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

my5:189

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Bridge, Ohio River, Water, Gas, Sewer, Fire, Police, Road, Bridge, Ferry, Wharf, Market, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

A DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞ No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

☞ An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. 65:k68

DIVIDENDS.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 23 Diamond, Allegheny, have declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst.

jy12:m9 JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

OFFICE ARTIZAN'S INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 7, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, to be credited on the stock rates.

jy12:m10 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS a share on the stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the office of said Company, No. 94 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869. jy9:194

OFFICE OF THE
BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 41 Ohio Street.
ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869.

jy6:s80 GEORGE D. RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith.

EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer.
jy7:168 185 Liberty street.

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.

jy7:170 JOHN SCOTT, JR., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

jy7:173 JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
July 3d, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith, free of all taxes.

R. W. MACKEY,
jy5:165 Cashier.

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3.
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
No. 423 Penn Street.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.

jy5 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.

JULY 5, 1869. J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
jy6:162

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst.

jy2:132 JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.

jy2:131 CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.

jy1:129 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The President DENT. Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSEBURG,
jy2:128 Treasurer.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.— No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they deranged the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, so that food will begin to put food, which will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists.

my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—DR. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all part culars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j32

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED —Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j66 d&F

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Elm street (Bloomfield) from Main street to the Pennsylvania Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
jy10:m2 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

jy5 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection

H. J. MOORE,
jy1:18 City Engineer.

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 28d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HOUSTON,
jy5:165 A. M. MARSHALL,

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
jy5:165 THOMAS SMITH.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:j30

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's Pile Cement and Gravel Roofing. Materials for ja5:30

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF LOTS IN ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA. Will be sold at auction on the premises, on THURSDAY, JULY 15, at 1 o'clock P. M., 19 ACRES OF LAND, sub-divided into one acre lots, situate on the Middle Fork road, distant four miles from the Pittsburgh Court House and three miles from the Allegheny Market House; easy of access by Saw Mill Run Ferry and Middleton road, by Crooks Run and Manchester Steam Ferry, by Pan-handle Railroad from Nimick's Station, and by Ft. Wayne, Chicago and Cleveland Railroad from Woods Run. For further particulars see lithograph hand bills, or enquire of JAMES McGUNNIGLE, Chartiers township, or F. A. DOHRMAN, No. 113 First avenue, Pittsburgh.

jy22:k64-22,29,1,13

VALUABLE STOCKS—EXCHANGE AND M. & M. NATIONAL, BANK OF PITTSBURGH, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, July 13, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street.

50 shares Exchange National Bank;
10 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
40 shares M. & M. National Bank;
50 shares Columbia Oil Co.

jy12 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. —Sealed proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing TWENTY-NINTH STREET, from Penn to Smallman street, MULBERRY ALLEY, from 28th to 29th street, will be received until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869.

Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

jy10:ms H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE
CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 22d inst., inclusive, for the erection of a new WOODEN STRUCTURE at the Bridge over Street's Run, at Risher's Mill, on the Elizabethtown Road, on the line between Baldwin and Mifflin Townships.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT,
Jy8:193 d&T1 Controller.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for GRADING, PAVING and CURBING the following streets will be received at this office until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869:

FORBES STREET, from Magee to Chestnut street.

WILLOW STREET, from Forty-fourth to Forty-fourth street.

THIRTY-FIRST STREET, from Liberty street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

And for grading and Paving:

SNOWDEN ALLEY, from Hemlock alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

APPLE ALLEY from Marion to Miltenberger street.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office, and no bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

jy8:191 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated June 19, 1869, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 14th, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the First ward of the city of Allegheny, county aforesaid, at the corner of Balkam street and Bank lane, containing in front on Bank lane 15 feet 6 inches, and in depth along Balkam street 63 feet, more or less on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, being the real estate of S. J. Shannon, deceased.

Terms of sale, cash. For further information enquire of BROWN & LAMBIE, Attorneys at Law, No. 114 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN Q. MILLER,
Administrator of
SAMUEL Q. SHANNON, deceased. j 22:k8ST

PROFESSIONAL.

G. W. De CAMP,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 119 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my8:v80

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, 116 Diamond Street,
(Opposite the Court House,)
fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

ap6:n60:JAY PITTSBURGH, PA.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh
se28:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER,
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each.
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lot, 20x157 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $65 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 3d day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole, or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands cost said Company any more than $300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGES and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;

"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;

"CULLIN'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;

"SALE PITS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869.

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
j 1 Special Commissioners.

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 200 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

**W. M

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

For Sale.—In Allegheny City, a route that will pay over $20 per week. Must be a sober, energetic man, and resident in Allegheny. Apply at GAZETTE offie to-day.

Central Board of Education meets to-day.

Dull.—Police news on the South Side was exceedingly dull yesterday.

The Allegheny Mayor's office was devoid of interest yesterday. Quiet relgned.

The Weather.—The thremometer stood at eighty-two in the shade yesterday at two o'clock, P. M.

Delegates to G. A. R. Convention to be held at Altoona, on Wednesday, will leave at two o'clock A. M. on that day.

Several of the leading Democrats of this county left yesterday for Harrisburg to attend the State Democratic Convention.

Committed.—Jamer Ferguson was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman Thomas on a charge of larceny as bailee.

We received yesterday twenty-seven orders for our daily to be sent to Pittsburghers leaving the city for watering places.

The Germans intend making their informations against Sabbath breakers today. We are promised a full list for tomorrow's publication.

Progressing.—The repairs on Smithfield street which is being repaived by the Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, are progressing slow.

Demorest's Illustrated Monthly for August, with splendid engravings, patters of the latest styles and excellent literary matter, just published. W. A. Gildenfenny, Fifth avenue.

Stole Her Ring.—George Dearry was arrested yesterday by Alderman McMasters, charged with stealing a ring valued at ten dollars from Ellen Fletcher. He was held for a hearing.

Still They Come.—The raid against Sunday whiskey dealers has not abated in the least. Eight informations were made before the Mayor yesterday, charging as many different parties with selling on Sunday.

Insane.—Esther Boyd, an insane woman, about forty years of age, was arrested in the Seventh ward yesterday and brought to the lock-up. She will probably be sent to the City Home this morning.

Personal.—Capt. Hugh S. Fleming, the Republican nominee for Sheriff of the county, leaves to-day with his family for St. Paul, Minnesota, to spend the summer. We wish the Captain a pleasant trip, and a safe return home.

Allegheny Temperance League.—A regular meeting of the Allegheny Temperance League will be held this (Tuesday) evening, at 7½ o'clock, at Rev. McMillan's church, corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, Allegheny.

Our Wednesday's edition of the WEEKLY GAZETTE can be had at our counting room, ready for mailing, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. It gives all the deaths, marriages and interesting city news published in the daily during the week. It is the largest as well as the cheapest weekly published in the city.

Feathery.—Mrs. Fellban and Mrs. Gilder had a dispute yesterday in relation to a bag of feathers, the property of Mrs. Fellban, carried off as was alleged by Mrs. Gilder. The offending lady was brought to the office of Alderman Strain and settled the dispute by handing over the downy her property.

Fatal Accident.—A fatal accident occurred at Middlesex, Butler county, on Thursday of last week, resulting in the death of Mr. Ripley, a farmer, residing at that place. Mr. R., it appears, was engaged in making some repairs about his barn, and while working at one of the doors it fell upon him, killing him instantly.

Murderous Intentions.—Dr. James Marshall, of the Sixth ward, Allegheny, alleged before Alderman Strain yesterday that William Bartley called at his office on Sunday evening, called him to the door and brandished some death-dealing weapon, accompanying this action with threats of murder toward him. William was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Installation G. A. R.—At a meeting of Post 3, G. A. R., the following officers were installed: P. C., Joseph H. Gray; S. V. C., John F. Hunter; J. V. C., John McLanahan; P. A., J. S. Haymaker; Q. M., Geo. W. Silvey; P. S., J. G. McCandless, M.D.; Chaptain, W. H. McClure; O. D., Crosby Gray; O. G., John Burke; Q. M. S., W. J. Criswell; S. M., J. Hill Jones.

Stoned Him.—George Bigger states that Wm. McKeon attacked him yesterday, with two large sized pebbles, one of which was made to come in contact with his head in an uncomfortable manner, and the other in a simular style, caused him to feel very sensibly sore in the neighborhood of his ribs. Alderman McMasters issued a warrant fer the arrest of McKeon, for aggravated assault and battery.

Taken Down.—The massive iron cross which capped the old spire on the Cathedral, was removed yesterday. A temporary scaffolding was constructed through the spire, several feet below the base of the cross, which was then cut into sections and removed to the inside of the spire and then lowered by a rope and pully. Several feet of the spire was then removed, and it now presents the appearance of having been struck by lightning.

Corner Loafing.—Thomas Bennett, a colored boy, was arrested yesterday by officer Garrison, at the corner of Wood and Water streets, for corner loafing. Bennett, it appears, was requested to move away from the corner but paid no attention to the request, when the officer took him in charge and brought him to the Mayor's office, where he had a hearing, and in default of the payment of a fine of five dollars and costs he was committed to jail for ten days.

I. O. O. F.—The first anual picnic of the Daughters of Rebekah of Manchester Lodge No. 403 I. O. O. F. will be held McKee's Rocks, Thursday July 15th 1869. The affair is in the hands of a committee of arrangements composed of ladies and gentlemen, who will leave nothing undone that would add to the interest and enjoyment of the occasion. No intoxicating liquors will be allowed on the grounds, and consequently a day of unalloyed pleasure may be anticipated.

THE COURTS.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

MONDAY, July 12.—In the case of Clarence Bell, indicted for larceny, previously reported, the jury retured a verdict of not guilty.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas St. Clair, et al, indicted for assault and battery, a *nolle pros*, was entered and the prosecutor, Thomas Mulholland, to pay the costs.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. Mena Minehart, indicted for assault and battery, Peter Weisenbaugh prosecutor. The offence was committed at Sharpsburgh, where the defendant keeps a saloon, and it is alleged that the prosecutor entered the saloon and behaved in a disorderly manner, when the defendant struck him with her fist. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty and the prosecutor to pay the costs.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Andrew Marks and William Titus, indicted for larceny, Mr. Gibson prosecutor. It appears that the prosecutor was the owner of a "pet sheep," which was running loose, in the First ward, Allegheny, which the defendants, who are boys, caught and took home with them to Sawmill Run. The prosecutor, hearing where his sheep was, demanded it from defendants who refused to give it up unless he would pay them for catching it. The defense proved by some other party that the sheep belonged to him. Jury out.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. John Wallager, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, Amanda Rotz, prosecutrix. It appears that the prosecutrix and the defendant occupy rooms in the same building, and that it was necessary for the prosecutrix to pass through the apartment occupied by defendant in order to reach her room. On or about the 16th of June a difficulty occurred between defendant and the prosecutrix's mother, who resided with her daughter, and the prosecutrix went down stairs to ascertain the cause of the disturbance, when, it is alleged, Wallager made an assault upon her and kicked her upon the nose, breaking it. She fell insensible from the force of the kick, and he again kicked her. It was alleged by the defendant that the prosecutrix was striking at him with a pailing or lath, and that he, in defending himself against the attack, kicked the stick against her face and thus inflicted the wound. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

306. Com. vs. Hughes and Dignam.
234. " Christopher Baker.
371. " John Frank.
324. " John McKirdy.
383. " Wm. Hanners.
139. " Andrew Barker.
426. " John Roberts.
282. " Robert Hague.
322. " Joseph Stewart.
305. " Joseph Conavan et al.
456. " Elizabeth Eberlie.
382. " Thomas Moore.
113. " Emma J. Hays.
307. " Thoms Morgan.
298. " John Law (2 cases.)
242. " James Jones.
240. " Thomas Campbell.
142. " John S. Jones.
392. " Wm. Schettler et al.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

389. Com. vs. Stewart Sampson.
321. " Samuel Moore et al.
76. " Arthur Graham and Wm. Lehman.
326. " Patrick Murphy et al.
356. " David Hawthorn et al.
435. " James Lindsay.
437. " John G. Fredberger et al.
394. " J. Meyor.
396. " John Boon.
413. " B. G. Morrison.

Free Bath-House.

We have often advocated, in these columns, the urgent necessity of establishing somewhere in the city the "free bath" system, as adopted in some of our larger cities. The shameful exhibitions of public bathing in the hot season, have become of late an intolerable nuisance to our citizens. And yet we have sympathized somewhat with those whom dire necessity compelled to adopt this system of exposed bathing. But we are happy to state that steps have already been taken to obviate this necessity in the future. The board of directors of the "Home for the Destitute," composed of some of our most philanthropic citizens, have undertaken and almost completed the erection of a free bath-house. It is being erected on the bank of the river below the Hand street bridge, and when completed will be lauuched into the river the proper depth. The dimensions of the building is 38x28 feet. It is to be divided into eighteen apartments, to be used for dressing rooms. It is proposed to supply those desiring it with soap and towels at a charge of five cents each. The city has kindly granted a site for the establishment free of charge. We feel that this is a move in the right direction, and worthy of the highest commendation, and we hope that our citzens will always encourage and sustain the efforts of those gentlemen who are endeavoring so earnestly to cleanse the community of its moral and physical filth, and who have done so much towards this end in the past.

Snakes About.

Mrs. Wilkinson, a colored lady, called at Alderman Neely's office yesterday, and acquainted the magistrate with a singular grievance, which at present seems to seriously affect her happiness. She explained that one of her tenants, Mrs. Eliza Williams, also colored, had failed to meet her monthly rental, and consequently had been requested to give up possession of the premises. This natural demand, under the circumstances, was indignantly rejected by Eliza, who endeavored, it is alleged, to have revenge for the insult by putting a number of reptiles in the well, from which the water used by the Wilkinson family was taken. The Alderman, after examining the authorities upon the question, decided that it was emphatically a case coming under the provisions of the surety of the peace act, and issued his warrant accordingly, which brought Eliza to his office. The matter was finally arranged, the prosecutor paying the costs.

A Scientific Wonder.

A newly invented article has just been exhibited which is enough ta make one think that the days of wonder are not yet gone. It is a Milk whose use transforms the most deplorable complexion to one of almost alabaster smoothness and pleasing whiteness, keeping the skin delightfully cool during hot weather. This exquisite beautifier is known as "Milk of Violets," and promises to take the place of poisonous toilet powders. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealer. V. W. Brinckerhoff, N. Y., general agent.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne, an event familiar to all readers of Irish history. In former times the occasion was celebrated in Ireland by processions, speeches, &c., but latterly these have been discontinued. There are numbers now living who have pleasant recollections of these anniversaries as holidays in their juvenile years.

Fire at Elizabeth.

A destructive fire occurred at Elizabeth about six o'clock Sunday evening, by which the extensive planing mill of Messrs. S. P. & J. N. Large was totally destroyed. The flames had gained considerable headway before the fire was discovered, and notwithstanding the efforts of the citizens, who turned out *en masse* to suppress the destructive element, the entire building and contents, together with a quantity of lumber, were consumed. The mill was located on the bank of the Monongahela river, and was surrounded by a number of sheds and out building, to which the flames communicated, and they were also destroyed.

The residence of Mr. S. P. Large, some thirty feet from the mill, was in imminent danger, but was finally saved. The household furniture was greatly damaged by the hasty removal. The loss is estimated at from fifteen to twenty thousand dollars. A large amount of lumber, rough and finished, was also destroyed.

The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, but as yet no clue has been obtained which would lead to the detection of the perpetrator of the act. On Friday all the belting in the mill was cut to pieces by some unknown parties, and some of the heavy machinery taken apart. It is supposed that the parties who committed these depredations fired the premises Sunday evening.

The Grand Concert at the Birmingham Town Hall.

Last night the citizens of Birmingham who attended the concert at the Town Hall received at the hands of the International Troupe a most decided treat. The *debut* of Mr. Lewis, both in this city and at Birmingham, was a success unparalleled in this city. His voice is deep, full and of an extraordinary power, in fact one of the finest ever heard on a stage in this city. His songs, "I'm a Roamer," "Simon, the Cellarer," and "Will o' the Wisp," were the most charming and piquant we recollect ever having heard. Miss Lwyvo Lewis as an artiste will undoubtedly figure foremost among the finest contraltos of the age. Although young in years, she masters her voice in an admirable style, and her accomplished deportment and refined, ladylike demeanor is noticeable as a very prominent and distinguishable feature. Ap Madoc is a magnificent and brilliant tenor, who has a voice of wonderful capacity, full of the finest harmony and music. He was wildly *encored*, and, together with the troupe, was received with immense applause. We fully agree with the European and Eastern press in stating that the International Troupe is second to none in the country, and we predict for them immense success whensoever they return to our city, which they anticipate doing in a few months.

On the Right Track.

The police authorities have been working arduously for the past two months to abate the nuisance of street walking, but, so far, their efforts have failed to accomplish the purpose desired. The orders heretofore have been to arrest the "nymphs" when caught standing on the street talking to men, or when acting in any way disorderly. These orders could not be carried out strictly without the officer making the arrest running a great risk, as they had a tendency to cause a repetition of the Mrs. Drake case, which called forth such a burst of indignation from all good citizens. An effort is now being made in a different direction, which we think will prove more effectual. If it were not for the crowd of idle, loafing blackguards who congregate along the streets where the nuisance is complained of, there would be no cause of complaint, and the attention of the police is now turned toward these scamps. Every man of them who speaks to a woman, no matter what her character may be, if she is conducting herself properly, is guilty of disorderly conduct and should be arrested. Officer Gillespie last evening arrested Charles Giphust, *alias* Gardiner, at the Custom House corner, for using indecent language to a woman, and he was locked up for a hearing this morning.

The Sunday Question.

Considerable interest was manifested throughout the city yesterday by the "curious," to know what action had been or would be taken by the "Liquor League," relative to the violation of the Sunday law, and when it was ascertained that no informations had been made at the Mayor's office the general impression was that they had backed down. Such, however, is not the case. The Committee appointed to attend to the matter met yesterday morning at the office of Messrs. Moore & Moreland, to arrange their plan of operations. We learn that about thirty informations have been drawn up, and the names of thirty more have been presented by the Committee. The matter is in the hands of Messrs. Moore & Pollock, and in consequence of Mr. Moore's absence from the city it was resolved to postpone operations until his return.

The parties against whom informations will be made first are the conductors, brakemen, engineers, etc., on the steam cars, who were employed on Sunday, and the conductors and drivers of street cars. The Committee have decided not to interfere with newspapers for the present.

Spoliation.

Some time since Ann Shovelin rented a house on High street, from Susan Dean. A few days ago Susan had occasion to enter the premises, when she discovered that the water pipe which had conveyed the water into the house had all been removed, damaging the place to an amount of at least twenty dollars. She inquired in relation to the affair and was told by her tenant that the pipe had been taken away by a plumber, who said he was acting under orders from the owner. Mrs. Dean denied ever having given any such order, and charged Mrs. Shovelin with selling the pipe herself. An altercation ensued, which resulted in the appearance of both women at Alderman McMaster's office, yesterday afternoon, where Mrs. Dean made information against her tenant for larceny. The magistrate held the case over for investigation.

Pardoned.

Ann Cuff, convicted on an indictment for selling liquor without license, during the March term of the Quarter Sessions and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs, was pardoned by the Governor and discharged from custody yesterday. The pardon was granted on the recommendation of the District Attorney. The prisoner had a young child and was not able to pay either costs or fine, and it was an act of charity to herself as well as mercy to her child, that the pardon was granted, as it could not have survived in jail during the present hot weather.

How it Was Done.

Mr. Charles F. Good is proprietor of a saloon in the upper part of the city. On the Fourth his houss was visited by his brother-in-law and wife, who called to exchange the civilities of the season and spend part of the day with their relatives. Mr. Good was absent at the time, venting his patriotic feelings by participating in "that procession," but Mrs. Good was at home to do the honors of the occasion. In the course of the day the hospitable entertainer brought forth from among their store of spirits a bottle of champagne, which was partaken of freely by her visitors and enlivened affairs considerably. After satisfying himself fully as to the quality of the article, the brother-in-law, who by this time had become slightly "under the influence," started for a promenade, when he was met by a friend who anxiously inquired where he had procured the liquor. He explained, but stated that the saloon was closed for the day and none could be bought. The inquirer tried and failed, whereat he became exasperated and informed an "informer," who made an information before an Aldorman against Good for selling liquor on Sunday. The defendant waa arrested and after a hearing, compelled to pay a fine of fifty dollars, half of which, of course, went to the "informer." This is how it was done, and is but a fair sample of many of the cases hatched up by these informers, who devote their time and talents to their honorable profession.

Committed.

Sadie Williams, Ellen Keenan and Kate McCauley were out on a breeze yesterday, the result of which was a term of ten days each in jail. They heard there was a picnic at Iron City Park, and without waiting for an invitation started out to enjoy themselves. Before reaching their destination, however, they visited several beer saloons and became quite boisterous, which had the effect of collecting a crowd of young urchins around them, whom the "nymphs" attempted to disperse by throwing paving stones. While thus engaged an officer came along and attempted to arrest them, when the three made a combined attack upon him, whereupon he retreated and called for reinforcements. When assistance arrived the beligerent creatures were captured and taken to the lock-up where they remained for a few hours, when, after a hearing, they were committed for ten days.

The Normal School.

The committee having in charge the matter of selecting a location for the proposed Normal School building, held a meeting at Curry's Institute, Sixth street, yesterday afternoon. After considerable discussion upon the merits of the several sites, they decided to accept that offered by Col. Kelley—ten acres of his property at Wilkinsburg. A committee consisting of Messrs. Moses Chess, Jas. B. Lyon, and F. C. Negley, was appointed to secure subscriptions and proceed with the construction of the building as rapidly as possible. According to the act authorizing the establishment of the school, fifty thousand dollars must be secured before the commencement of the work. It is calculated that one hundred thousand dollars will complete it.

A Commendable Project.

Our German fellow-citizens are considering the propriety of erecting a monument or statue in memory of their great countryman, Humboldt. The matter has been under advisement but a short time, yet has met with general favor. Some of the originators of the idea have been in consultation with the Park Commission of Allegheny, and have been, we understand, offered any portion of the Park Grounds they may select as a site. It is proposed to make the memorial of bronze, similar in design to that in New York. The project is a noble one, and if carried out, would certainly reflect the highest honor and credit upon those through whose instrumentality the work had been accomplished.

Cross Suits.

John Schlitter and Philip Hadler, of Allegheny, occupy the respective positions of landlord and tenant to each other. They had some difficulty on Saturday evening, when the tenant ordered the landlord away from the premises. The landlord failing to comply with the request, was, it is alleged, subjected to a more forcible appeal, and compelled to depart in haste—the propelling power being from the pedal extremity of the tenant. The little unpleasantness occasioned two suits, one before Alderman Bolster, for assault and battery, in which Hadler figures as prosecutor, and another before Alderman Humbert, wherein Schlitter appears in that capacity. Between the two magistrates as the peacemakers, the pair will doubtless get their rights and peace at the same time.

Almost a Cutting Affray.

Last evening about eleven o'clock, a number of persons were in Miller's saloon on Diamond alley, drinking beer, and among the party were Wm. Harmon and Adam Young, who, it appears, were strangers to each other. While Young was engaged in conversation with Louis Kettleberg, Harmon came up behind him with a knife in his hand, and was just in the act of striking him with it when Kettleberg, seeing him about to strike, struck him with his fist and knocked him down. At this stage of the proceedings officer Gillespie, who was passing the saloon at the time, hearing the fuss went in and arrested Harmon and conducted him to the watch-house where he was locked up for the night.

Street Car Drivers.

Many of our street car drivers either need instruction or successors. They have so long practiced stopping from ten to fifteen feet beyond the place desired that it has become chronic, and now to have a car stop at the crossings is the exception. Ladies have to get out into the mud when it would be just as easy to let them off upon a clean crossing, and though the cars are signalled in ample time, somebody takes pleasure in going just a few feet beyond the proper place to get on board. This may be well to cultivate the Christian graces of the few, but it provokes the larger class to do violence to their Sabbath School training.

Arm Broken.

Daniel Wier, a carter engaged in hauling potters' clay from a boat in the Allegheny river, at the foot of Irwin street, had his arm broken yesterday. It appears that he had overloaded his horse and had been setting on his cart for some time whipping the animal to make it pull, when it started suddenly, causing him to fall in front of the cart, the wheel of which passed over his right arm, causing a compound fracture between the shoulder and elbow. He was removed to the office of Dr. James McCann, Penn street, when the fracture was reduced, after which he was carried to his residence in Whitend's alley.

[From the Pittsburgh Medical News.]

Our Management and Facilities.

WE will hereafter have the assistance of Thos. L. Oldshue, M. D. who has been educated to the profession under our direction, and graduated at the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery.

He will assist in all the varied duties of practice, the preparation of medicines, and putting up perescriptions.

We are therefore prepared to give prompt attention to those who arrive by the railroads or steamboats and wish to depart the same day.

Persons at a distance wishing to obtain medicines for their friends, will bring a specimen of urine for examination, or have it sent by Express.

The patients will be careful to take the first urine passed after a night's rest, and in all cases to give their *age*.

This latter is necesary to a correct diagnosis as well as to the regulation of the quantity of medicine prescribed.

We would like to have the *name* and also residence of every patient.

The advantages of this will be apparent to all, but especially to those who may wish to send back for a second course of medicine.

We keep a regular record of each analysis and prescription, by comparison with which we are enabled on subsequent examinations to determine the improvement in the case, and make the required changes in treatment when necessary.

The facilities which Packet Boats and Expresr Lines furnish for quick transportation of small packages, to and from every point within five hundred miles of this place, make it sufficiently convenient for the treatment of all chronic diseases. In fact, this system of diagnosis, conducted upon the latest scientific principles of Urino-Pathology, is far more certain and much more to be depended on, than the usual "pulse and tongue" examinations alone.

L. OLDSHUE, M. D.

Magnificent New Cars.

On Saturday the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company put upon their train two magnificent new passenger cars, built expressly for this road, by Osgood Bradley, Worcester, Mass. The various "points" of excellence in the latest make of passenger coaches, by the best builders, have been so often described, that a detailed account would seem like a repetition, but suffice it to say that they are next in comfort, beauty and finish, to the celebrated "palace cars," and in all respects, so far as construction and the use of the latest improvements for the convenience and safety of passengers, are equal to them. It is a matter of surprise to casual travelers on this line, and certainly must be one of gratification to the stockholders, to see the passenger trains so well filled. The passenger traffic is constantly increasing and so fast as the earnings of the road have justified it, better accommodations have been made for them, until the road is now as well fitted for their comfort as any other.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Japanese Silks—Reduced prices, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

For Sale at all Grocery Stores.—
Marvin's Crackers,
Marvin's Jubilee Cakes,
Marvin's Milk Biscuits,
Marvin's Manilla Jumbles,
Marvin's Ginger Cakes,
Marvin's Toast Biscuits.

Everything in the bakery line that you want for family use. Ask for Marvin's. Marvin's store is No. 91 Liberty street. Wholesale and retail trade supplied at the lowest cash rates.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Lama Lace Mantles, in variety, at Bates & Bell's.

Opportunity to Make Money.—Twenty men or ladies wanted, of good address, to canvass for the most popular Sewing Machine now in use. Apply, after three o'clock, at Office of Howe Sewing Machine, No. 4 Sixth street, late St. Clair. 7:THS

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Lawns, Organdies, Hermani, Grenadines, at Bates & Bell's.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

White Bedouins and Summer Shawls, Bates & Bell's.

Ask Your Grocer for Marvin's Crackers, Biscuits, Bread, Snaps, &c. Everything in his line is kept by all first-class grocery stores. Ask for them and take none other.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Yesterday was remarkably quiet. We failed to hear of a single disturbance.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Thin Dress Goods, cheap, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Wonderful.—Henry W. Burr, No. 49 West 14th street, while on a visit to the West, was attacked with severe illness from drinking impure water. Life was despaired of, and it was thought that he must die. His wife was immediately sent for, and in a day or two was at his bedside. Having herself seen the beneficial results from the use of PLANTATION BITTERS, she insisted upon their being administered to him, which was done, in quantities prescribed by the attending physician. The result was almost as if by magic, and in one-half hour from the time they were given her husband was out of danger, and by a moderate use of them three or four times a day, he was soon able to resume his journey to his home. This is but one case of many thousands that we know of.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

THE Erie *Dispatch* says: Among the accidents resulting from the use of fireworks is an unprecedented one that happened to a little son of Mr. Getchell, living about four miles southeast of the city, one day last week. The boy is about eight years of age. He was holding a horse by a halter, and wanted to fire off some firecrackers. To have the use of his hands, he tied the halter around one of his legs, lit the crackers, and the horse got freightened and dashed off, dragging the boy nearly half a mile, bumping, bruising and gashing him from head to heel, the fearful dragging being kept up untill the halter broke. Strange to say, the boy was not only alive, but not a single bone was broken, and though he is literally one mass of bruises, and the flesh was worn and torn away by the friction over the rough road, the probabilities are in favor of his recovery.

Base Ball at Philadelphia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—The base ball match between the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, and the Athletics, of this city, this afternoon, was witnessed by about ten thousand persons. The playing of both clubs was generally good, though the fielding was not what was expected of first-class clubs. The game, to the surprise of everybody, resulted in favor of the Athletics, by a score of 30 to 21.

MARRIED.

BENNY—SPEER—July 4th, by the Rev. J. S. Schaffer, JAMES W. BENNY to EMMA C. SPEER, all of Allegheny City.

DIED:

McGARR—On Saturday evening, July 10th, ALICE BLANCHE, daughter of Frank and the late Elizabeth McGarr, aged 5 months and 19 days

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